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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozechah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

PRICE: ONE ANNA

GIVE POWER AND TONE
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187/L, Lohar Chawl, Bombay.

Greco-German Rupture Imminent

America & Britain To Share Crown Of Victory!

"WE ARE NOT ALONE",
SAYS CHURCHILL

Ambassador Winant Tells Dictators, "You Shall Not Pass"

U. S. A.'S STAGGERING PRODUCTION CAPACITY

Three important pronouncements on Anglo-American relations were made in London on Tuesday.

Mr. Winant, the new American Ambassador, speaking at a luncheon dedicated himself to the policies of Britain and America to "help one another to build a new world happier than the last."

"A DAY WILL COME..."

Mr. Churchill, on the same occasion, hoped that "A day will come when the British Empire and the United States will share together the solemn but splendid duties which are the crown of victory."

Mr. Averell Harriman, President Roosevelt's personal representative, declared that Americans would give all possible help to Britain even to the extent of making "sacrifices in their own diet to give Britain the kind of food she needed."

KING'S GRATITUDE TO U. S. A.

LONDON, March 18. At the Pilgrims Luncheon at which Mr. Winant and Mr. Churchill spoke, a message was read from the King. The royal message declared that the new Ambassador has come at a fateful moment in the history of our two countries. The warmth of our welcome will testify to the feelings uppermost in all of us today of gratitude to the people he represents and admiration for the great statesman, who stands at their head.

"YOU SHALL NOT PASS"
In his first public utterance since becoming Ambassador, Mr. John Winant dedicated himself to the policies of Britain and America to "help one another to build a new world, happier than the last." "Today it is the British peoples' honour and destiny to man the bridgeheads of humanity's hopes. It is their privilege to stand against ruthless and powerful dictators who would destroy the lessons of 2,000 years history and to tell them "You shall not pass." The world has known tyranny before but never a tyranny more cruel and absolute or so relentlessly organised."

Mr. Winant repeated the President's assurances of American aid. "NO LONGER ALONE"
British gratitude for President Roosevelt's historic declaration of last Saturday was publicly expressed by Mr. Churchill at this luncheon.

The Prime Minister expressed the "sense of encouragement and fortification in the resolve which have come to us from across the ocean by those stirring, august and fateful Presidential words." He reminded Mr. Winant that he had come to a community which had been tried and proved before mankind and history to a degree and on a scale and under conditions previously unknown to human experience.

"We have our faults but we hope that with God's help we shall be able to prove that a state or a commonwealth of nations founded upon freedom possesses amid the sharpest shocks the faculty of survival in a high honourable and indeed glorious degree. The words and acts of the President and the people of the United States come like a draught of life and tell us that we are no longer alone. We know other hearts in scores of millions beat with ours. Other strong hands wield hammers and shake weapons. We need, other keen and gleaming eyes are fixed in hard conviction upon the tyrants that must and will be destroyed."

ones that must and will be destroyed."

BATTLE OF THE ATLANTIC
Mr. Churchill went on, "The battle of the Atlantic must be won in a decisive manner. If the declared policies of the Government and the people of the United States are not to be forcibly frustrated. Not only German U-Boats but battle-cruisers have crossed the Atlantic and already sunk some of our ships not sailing in convoy. They have sunk ships as far west as the 42nd meridian longitude."

MORTAL CHALLENGE
"Over here, an intense and unrelenting struggle is being waged to bring in an endless stream of munitions and food without which our war efforts here and in the Middle-East for that shall not be relaxed—cannot be maintained. Our losses have risen for the time being and we are applying our fullest strength, resource, skill and science to meet this potentially mortal challenge. Our strength is growing every week. The American destroyers which reached us in autumn and winter are increasingly coming into action. Our flotillas are growing in number. Our air power over the island and seas is growing fast. We are hitting back with increasing effect."

HITLER'S DESIRE TO DESTROY U. S. A.
"Only yesterday, I received news of the certain destruction of three German U-Boats. It is not my rule to conceal the gravity of a danger and, therefore, I have the right to be believed when I also proclaim confidence that we shall overcome them."

But anyone can see how bitter is the need of Hitler and his gang to cut the sea roads between Britain and the United States and having destroyed these mighty powers, to destroy them one by one.

TO SHARE CROWN OF VICTORY
This battle of the Atlantic is one of the most momentous ever fought in all the annals of war. Therefore, Mr. Winant, you come at the grand turning point in world's history. In the last few months, we had a succession of eminent American citizens visiting these storm-beaten shores and finding them unconquered and unconquerable. In all these men, I have discerned that they would be proud to give their lives rather than that the good cause should be trampled down and the darkness of barbarism again engulf mankind. You, Mr. Ambassador, share our purpose. You will share our dangers, our interests and our secrets and a day will come when the British Empire (Continued on page 7)

U. S. Food For France

Britain Willing To Allow Supplies With Safeguards

WASHINGTON, Mar. 18. Lord Halifax saw the State Department in regard to the question of food for France and according to informed British source, he later said that submission of a proposal to the Red Cross would be acceptable to British authorities.

Grain supplies might be permitted to go to unoccupied France under conditions assuring that they would not go to Germany directly or indirectly.

PERMIT WITH SAFEGUARDS.

LONDON, March 18. That Britain is willing to permit passage of foodstuffs to German-occupied territories, provided safeguards are established, is reaffirmed in authoritative quarters in London.

FRENCH PROPOSAL.
A French proposal for two French ships to be allowed to take food and grain to unoccupied France is being considered by the United States Government.

RED CROSS CARGO FOR MARSEILLES.

The steamship, "Exmouth", sailed from New Jersey City on Monday for Marseilles loaded to her topdecks with an American Red Cross cargo of food, clothing, medicines and surgical supplies valued at a million and 250 thousand dollars.

Three hundred tons of oatmeal and farina remained on the quayside as the British refused to allow it through the blockade. —Reuter.

Debate On Seven Million Appropriation

WASHINGTON, March 18. The United States House of Representatives to-day began a debate on the seven billion dollars aid to Britain appropriation. —Reuter.

German Emissary Meets Darlan

LONDON, March 18. The German Emissary, Herr Abetz met Admiral Darlan, the Vichy Vice-Premier and Count de Brinon, the Vichy Government's representative in Paris on Monday according to the German News Agency.

Herr Abetz and Admiral Darlan had a long talk.

Admiral Darlan will leave for Vichy at mid-day on Tuesday, the agency adds. —Reuter.

Debt Conciliation In Sind

KARACHI, March 18. The Sind Assembly to-day passed into law the Debt Conciliation Bill, the second and third reading of the Bill occupying hardly two hours. —A. P.

EGYPT WILL HELP DEMOCRACIES

What Premier Pasha Told Eden

CAIRO, March 18. Sirry Pasha, the Egyptian Premier, informed the Chamber that he had told Mr. Eden that Egypt sincerely intended to help the democracies and firmly believed in the ultimate triumph of the cause of liberty and civilisation. —Reuter.

"Ambassador At Large" Returns

NEW YORK, March 18. Colonel William Donovan, President Roosevelt's "Ambassador at Large" arrived here by air after a 26,000 miles tour of the European and African war zones. He said that he had obtained information which he was hopeful would be "of value to the United States in the preparation of her own defences." —Reuter.

Plight Of 'C' Class Politicals

U. P. Assembly Speaker On His Visit To Naini Central Jail

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, March 18. Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon Speaker of the U. P. Assembly who visited Naini Central Jail made several suggestions for the improvement of the lot of "C" Class prisoners.

Mr. Tandon had talks with "A" and "C" Class political prisoners and found "C" Class prisoners' condition very miserable.

In his inspection notes sent to Jail authorities Sjt. Tandon made some recommendations regarding treatment of "C" Class prisoners.

MUNSHI'S CONDITION IMPROVING

POONA, March 18. Dr. E. H. Coyaji who examined Mr. K. M. Munshi this morning said that he is progressing though colitis and photophobia still persists. Diarrhoea is under control. Mr. Munshi had temperature last night and his general condition is very weak. —A. P.

VARADARAJULU TO MEET VICEROY

MADRAS, March 18. It is reliably understood that Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, will meet the Viceroy in the last week of March to discuss with His Excellency his scheme for ending the present political impasse.

Dr. Naidu is leaving for Wardha on or about March 25 and from there will proceed to New Delhi at Wardha he will meet Gandhiji and continue the negotiations with him regarding his scheme. —United Press.

CITY SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Mr. Ratanji Chapey, a member of the Bhuleswar Congress Committee and Mr. E. D. Barve, member of the Girgaum Congress Committee who were to have offered Satyagraha in the city this evening were arrested in the early hours of the morning to-day. Mr. Chapey was taken to Nasik and Mr. Barve to Thana for detention.

The next batch of Satyagrahis from Bombay will include Mr. Rajaram N. Khandray, Secretary of the E. Ward Congress Committee, Mr. E. D. Tamul, member of the "E" Ward Congress Committee and Mr. Vasant M. Kande, member of the "D" Ward Congress Committee. They propose to offer Satyagraha on Thursday.

Ahmedabad Mayor Arrested

AHMEDABAD, March 18. Mr. Ramanlal Motilal Gandhi, President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, was arrested to-day while offering Satyagraha at Ahmedabad. —A. P.

BR. AIRCRAFT SINK NAZI SHIP

LONDON, March 18. Coastal Command aircraft torpedoed and sank a large enemy supply vessel on Monday night off the Pristan Island. It is officially announced. —Reuter.

Tokio Ambassador In Ankara Leaves For Berlin

VICHY, March 17. The Japanese Ambassador to Turkey left Ankara to-night for Berlin, says an Ankara report to the Vichy News Agency. He will meet Mr. Matsuoaka now travelling across Siberia for talks with Hitler and Mussolini. —Reuter.

MISHAP AT NAVAL DISPLAY

One Rating Killed And Three Injured When Gun Was Fired

The Naval authorities, Bombay, have issued the following communique:—
At a naval, military and air-force display on Esplanade Maidan in connection with the Bombay War Week, a regrettable accident occurred on Tuesday afternoon.

During a display of gun-drill, when blank cartridges were being fired from a 4-inch gun, one rating of the Royal Indian Navy was killed and three ratings were injured. The injured ratings are progressing satisfactorily.

AMERICANS MUST LEAVE UNOCCUPIED FRANCE

BERLIN, March 18. American citizens in unoccupied France have been asked by the United States Embassy to leave, according to a Paris dispatch to the Official News Agency.

The agency adds that their permits will not be renewed. —Reuter.

Bitter Fighting In China

SHANGHAI, March 18. Bitter fighting in Kiangsi Province near Nanchang, the Capital, is reported from Japanese and Chinese sources.

Semi-official Japanese reports claim that Kaosan which is a strongly defended Chinese base for operations, some thirty miles west of Nanchang, has been captured by the Japanese. The Japanese drive in North-west Kiangsi is directed against 8,000 Chungking troops, who have been massed in apparent preparation for an attempt to recapture Manchuang.

A dispatch from Chungking also reports activity in Nanchang area. On Saturday, 3,000 Japanese troops are said to have advanced north-westwards to Nanchang and attacked Chinese positions at Fungtsi, which the Japanese entered later in the day. Yesterday there was street fighting in the western part of the town.

Many Japanese were killed, when the Chinese recaptured Kaoshan in Southern Kiangsi on Sunday and fighting continues owing to a Japanese attempt to recapture the town. —Reuter.

Vichy Protest To S. A. Union

CAPTOWN, March 18. The Vichy Government has lodged a protest with the Union Government against requisitioning of the French cargo vessel "Villie". She was requisitioned for Allied use. The protest was announced by the Union Commerce Minister Mr. Stuttaford in the House of Assembly to-day. —Reuter.

Stand Firm And Beat The Invader

LONDON, March 18. The unity and determination of the British people to stand firm, carry on and win the war was the theme of a broadcast speech by Mr. Herbert Morrison, Home Security Minister, to-night. He urged the people to read and study carefully a leaflet just issued by His Ministry. He emphasised the necessity of carrying on the country's work to the utmost capacity and concluded with the exhortation "Stand firm carry on. Beat the invader." —Reuter.

LONDON, March 18. The London newspapers are reducing the number of pages as a war-time measure from to-morrow. —United Press.

Berlin Instructions To Minister At Athens

BUT TURKEY'S ATTITUDE STAYS NAZI MARCH

Ineunu's Reply To Hitler: Yugoslavia Determined To Resist

ANKARA, March 18. The relations between Germany and Greece are critical, says the Berlin correspondent of the Turkish News Agency.

From official circles in the German capital, he says, it is understood that the relations between Athens and Berlin can no longer be regarded as normal.

INSTRUCTIONS TO MINISTER

It is believed that the German Minister at Athens has received full instructions. The Greek Minister in Berlin has not yet left his post. —Reuter.

BELGRADE'S STAND

NEW YORK, March 18. Though German pressure continues Yugoslav leaders have adopted a "take it or leave it attitude" to the demands according to a Belgrade message to the "New York Times" to-day quoting sources close to the Yugoslav Government.

The German Minister, von Heeren, has renewed his visits to the Foreign Office but it would seem that these are becoming less and less fruitful.

President Roosevelt's address had a profoundly cheering effect in public and Government circles in Belgrade, it added. —Reuter.

INEUNU SENDS REPLY TO HITLER

VICHY, March 17. The Turkish President's reply to the personal message he recently received from Hitler has been dispatched to Berlin by special plane, states an Ankara telegram to the Vichy News Agency.

The telegram says that great reserve is being exercised at Ankara concerning President Ineunu's reply. —Reuter.

Foreign Troops In Malay Island

MADRID:—The German Foreign Office spokesman is now refusing to answer questions about Germany's intentions towards Greece, writes the Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Ya", while a big press and radio campaign against Greece is going on. It is regarded in Berlin as a sign that the Greek situation is now in the hands of the military. Current reports in the German capital say that 300,000 British troops are in Greece.

LONDON SAFER

"A mysterious happening is occurring in the air", writes the London correspondent of the newspaper "A.B.C." who adds whatever the British anti-aircraft devices may be, things have greatly changed and Londoners today are safer than ever to their shelters and houses. —Reuter.

YUGOSLAVIA'S STRICT NEUTRALITY!

BELGRADE, March 17. The difficulties that arose in German-Yugoslav talks which are confining are reported to be mainly concerned with the Greek port of Salonica.

The Yugoslavs are insisting that for purposes of the projected non-aggression pact with Germany Salonica must be considered equivalent to Yugoslav territory.

Salonica is an essential strategic position, German occupation of which would endanger Yugoslav independence and integrity. Should the report prove well-founded, acceptance of the proffered pact by Germany appears to be out of the question. Such a reverse for Hitler's plans might be made the excuse for a recall.

WHY HITLER HESITATES!

STOCKHOLM, March 18. Diplomatic action is proceeding with the object of reaching complete understanding between Germany and Turkey, says the "Allehanda" newspaper correspondent in Berlin.

He adds that it is generally believed that Germany is hesitating to take action against Greece pending greater certainty as to Turkey's attitude. Authoritative circles in Berlin, he states, refuse to express opinion as to whether President Ineunu's reply to Hitler is considered satisfactory or otherwise. —Reuter.

of the German Minister here but reports of such a recall are unconfirmed.

A declaration of Yugoslavia's strict and loyal neutrality is made in the "Samoupravna", the organ of the Yugoslav radical quoted by the Belgrade radio on Monday night stressing, "We have one national soul, one national thought to protect Yugoslavia."

Stating that the events of March had united Yugoslavia, the paper emphasizes that Yugoslavia's neutrality is not recent but existed since the beginning of the war.

British Minister Meets Yugoslav Premier

Sir Ronald Campbell, the British Minister in Yugoslavia, had a long interview with M. Tvetkovitch, the Yugoslav Premier, on Monday states a Belgrade dispatch to the German News Agency. —Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CRUSHING DEFEAT FOR ITALIANS

LONDON, March 18. A crushing defeat was sustained by the Italians when their seven days' offensive on the Albanian front was hurled back and they were forced into inactivity, according to the Greek Radio. —Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY

is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE

are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words — Box No. (—), "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE

WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Gujarati Companion-teacher to coach up a boy in primary course. Apply—L. G. Tejpal, 7, Bastion Road, Fort, (14351)

Wanted English knowing Waiters having experience of a 1st class Hindu Hotel, Aram Milk Bar & Restaurant, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. (14356)

Asphalt: Wanted Contractors for Asphalt and Mastic Work for Up-country. Apply Box No. 4555, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Mechanical Engineer with practical experience as Designer and Draughtsman, salary upto Rs. 300/- according to qualifications. Apply Mukund Iron & Steel Works, Ltd., Jehangir Wadia Building, Fort, Bombay. (14339)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Opportunity for Industrialists—Qualified Technical Chemist, worked as incharge of largest Chemical Factories. Vast experience in the manufacture of heavy chemicals, Salts, Acids and many other industrial products, Starch, Oil, Fertilisers, etc. Capable of designing, erecting and working of various plants. Open for engagement. Communicate to Box No 14314, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET.

Decent and airy flats, shops, and rooms "Sham Bhuvan" Building, opp. Babulnath Temple, Chowpatty. 2. "Wassiamull Building," Grant Road. 3. "Wassiamull Mansion," Gowalla Tank. Apply at the premises or Wassiamull Assomull and Co., Kalbadevi Road, Telephone No. 21338. (14328)

81. GODOWNS WANTED

Wanted Pucca built godown 2000/2500 sq. ft. vicinity Ballard Estate. Ground Floor. Apply P. O. Box 992, Bombay. (14353)

341. PARTNERSHIPS WANTED

Advertiser will join in partnership with distributor of Foreign talkies. Apply Box 14352, "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Be An Astrologer and Earn Rs. 100 per month. Instructions by correspondence. Apply Jupiter Astrological Institute, Surat. (14354)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

(City Engineer's Department) (Architectural Branch)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the execution of Annual Monsoon Repairs to all the buildings belonging to the Municipality and the properties formerly belonging to the City Improvement Trust and now vested in the Municipality in the following two Divisions separately:—

(1) Division No. I comprising A B C D and E East Wards including the Sanitary Institute Building at Princess Street.

(2) Division No. II comprising E West F & G Wards including Matunga Leper Home, Kuria Deonar and Chembur camps and Bandra Slaughter Houses.

and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday, the 26th March 1941.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the Tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued to any one desirous to receive them on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy of the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In the case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,

City Engineer.

Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, 18th March 1941.

(4577)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition, received under Section 36(d) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation to consider the situation created due to non-payment of wages and salaries to Municipal employees, a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 27th March 1941, at 4 P.M. (Bombay Time).

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 18th March, 1941.

(4574)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Wood-working machinery consisting of Sawing, planing, sizing, tenoning, mortising, moulding, rounding, dovetailing, tonguing and grooving, band saw, cross-cut saw, bench saw, etc., in working order. Capacity three tons fabrication daily. Available for immediate sale. Galley & Co., Mount Road, Madras. (14348)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to sell Silk, Sarees, Shirts, Suits, etc. on Pay Rs. 75/- Allowance Rs. 25/- p.m. Apply for full particulars: S. P. Brothers & Co., Ludhiana. (14346)

Wanted Agents to push our buttons.

Terms moderate. Send Rs. 3/- for our sample set. Friends & Co. 33, Nabadwip Lane, Dacca (Bengal). (14319)

Public Notices

LAUNCHES AND MARINE ENGINES

FOR SALE one MOTOR LAUNCH, 22 ft. long with 9 h.p. marine engine; one Morris 16 h.p. marine engine complete with shaft and propeller; one secondhand hull of launch 28 ft.; one outboard Sachs motor engine 5 h.p.; one jolly boat; all in sound condition. Moderate prices. Apply Box 500 "Bombay Chronicle" (4579)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the auction sale of the undermentioned property held on 28th January, 1941, at the instance of Mr. Framroze Hirjiibhai Soonawalla and Bai AIMAI, wife of Hirjiibhai Pestonji Soonawalla the Mortgagees thereof in exercise of the powers of sale reserved to them under a Mortgage, dated 30th July, 1930, made between Haji Oosmanbhai Yousufbhai of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, our client was the highest bidder for and was declared to be the purchaser of the said property. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, charge, sale or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. All other claims, if any, which are not so received will be considered as null, void and waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at De-Lisle Road, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 287-5/9 square yards be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under Old Nos. 200 and 293, New No. 13721, New Survey No. 1/3442 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 2036 and 2045 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality under E Ward No. 7128 (1 & 2). Old Street Nos. 8 and 2A, New Street Nos. 537(F) and 537(H) and bounded on the North by the property of Fatmabai widow of Haji Cassum Noormahomed and others on the South by a Passage on the West by the property of Balakrishna Harshey Shetye and another and on the East by a gully and beyond that by the property of Keshavji Devkar.

Dated this 18th day of March 1941.

KANGA & CO.,

Purchaser's Attorneys.

ADDRESS:— Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. 4578.

Public Notices

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for supplying Five Motor Trucks each of 112 to 2 Tons capacity so as to reach the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, on or before Saturday the 5th April, 1941.

Copy of the specification can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/-.

Earnest money should accompany the tender at the rate of 5 per cent. five per cent. without which no tender will be considered.

(Sd.) B. D. PATEL,

Municipal Engineer, Ahmedabad Municipality, Municipal Office, Ahmedabad, 15th March, 1941. (4573)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHAMJIBHAI AMRITAL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell and assign to one of our clients the property described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any interest or claim in or upon against or in respect of the said property by way of sale, gift, transfer, exchange, trust, mortgage, lien, charge, possession, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 77, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Municipal Leasehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 1005 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 471C of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, situate at Kings Circle in the City Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows:—i.e. on or towards the North by Kings Circle, on or towards the South by Plot No. 472C, on or towards the East by Plot No. 472 and on or towards the West by Plot No. 471 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 756C/10 of Matunga Division together with the building and structures standing thereon and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under F Ward No. 6958(1) Street No. 525, Kings Circle.

SHASTRI & CO.,

Purchaser's Attorneys. 4575.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 59 of 1941.

Re: DAMODAR RATANSEY BANATWALLA Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Borivli in the Bombay Suburban District:— A Debtor.

Ex parte: HIRALAL MOTILAL MEHTA ... Petitioner Creditor.

On the 12th day of March, 1941, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovesaid Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1941.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,

Insolvency Registrar. 4576.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO., Government Auctioneers.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE PROPERTY IN BUSINESS LOCALITY IN THE PORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT THE JUNCTION OF MEADOWS STREET AND OAK LANE, FORT.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Mehta Laljee & Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, on Wednesday the 19th March, 1941, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.).

All that piece of land of the Quit and Ground-rent tenure cess whereon is now redeemed together with the dwelling house situate at the Junction of Meadows Street and Oak Lane within the Fort of Bombay admeasuring 155 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered under New No. 4926 Laughton's Survey No. 9466 Cadastral Survey No. 86 of Fort Division and bounded on the East by the Meadows Street, on the West by a passage beyond that by the property of Bibi Khadija Sultan, on the South by the Oak Lane and on the North by the Property of Dada Dewraj and assessed under "A" Ward No. 1180 Street No. 22 Meadows Street and 2-4 Oak Lane.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Mehta Laljee & Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

MISTRY & Co.,

GRAND AUCTION OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY, Ornaments, set with Genuine Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Pearls, etc. TO-DAY Wednesday, 19th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our Auction Room 26, Apollo Street Opp. Imperial Bank, Fort.

MISTRY & CO.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY IN INSOLVENCY

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	7 of 1939.	Khimji Kachoo Shah.	FIRST.
2.	13 of 1939.	Jehangir Ardeshr Sidhya.	"
3.	220 of 1939.	Messrs. Prabhakar Balaji & Co.	"
4.	247 of 1939.	Hirajai Chunilal.	"
5.	263 of 1939.	Shah Narandas Bhaidas.	"
6.	271 of 1939.	Harold Ashworth Johnson.	"
7.	62 of 1940.	Esmail Adam Memon.	"
8.	276 of 1937.	Max Davidson (Personal).	FIRST & FINAL.
9.	24 of 1939.	Bertram Ellis alias B. Ellis.	"
10.	717 of 1935.	Dwarkanadas Soonderdas Narandas.	SECOND.
11.	760 of 1935.	Chakubhai Chagan Soni and another.	"
12.	33 of 1937.	Louis Joseph Tavares.	SECOND & FINAL.
13.	580 of 1933.	Nathar Ramchandra Joshi.	THIRD.
14.	780 of 1933.	John Hamilton Sejo.	"
15.	351 of 1935.	Vasant Rao Waman Rao Rajapurkar.	"
16.	689 of 1932.	Bandeally Bhajabhoj Allarakhia (Personal).	THIRD & FINAL.
17.	225 of 1933.	Soloman Samuel.	"
18.	483 of 1934.	Byramji Dinshawji Plumber.	"
19.	669 of 1934.	Thomas Alexander Rowe.	"
20.	335 of 1932.	Alfred Michael Dontre.	FOURTH & FINAL.
21.	439 of 1933.	David Abraham Kad.	"
22.	1521 of 1925.	Nanabhai Tallokchand.	SUPPLEMENTARY & FINAL.
23.	245 of 1934.	Charles Hamilton Aristotle.	"
24.	265 of 1939.	Moosbhai Dawoodbhai Dohadwala and another traded as H. H. Murchhala & Co. and proprietors of the Bombay Rope Factory.	Preferential distribution.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, dated this 10th day of March, 1941.

Official Assignee's Office, High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILLIMORIA,

Official Assignee of Bombay. (462)

The SPLENDOR that was ROME! Revealed in PARAGON PICTURES' Mighty Spectacle

VIRGINIA

Directed By: K. M. MULTANI
Starring: MANJULA, PRATAP, W. M. KHAN, DAVID, JAMILA & A Cast of Thousands
Drawing Crowds at
MINERVA

Daily: 4-30, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
Friday Matinee 2 p.m.

Entrancing Dances
Inspiring Music

IN NATIONAL STUDIOS'

RADHIKA

Starring
NALINI JAYWANT
IN THIRD POPULAR WEEK

PATHE

3-30, 6-30, 10 P.M.
MATINEE ON FRIDAY AT 1 P.M.

IT'S A LOVE-SPREE IN SPRING TIME!

ASHA Pictures'
Rolling Romance
GHAR JAWAI

Screen Play:
PRINCIPAL ATRE

Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA

2ND WEEK AT
NEW WEST END

Daily: 4-30, 7, 9-45 p.m.
Friday 2 p.m.

Mat. on Friday 21st at 2 p.m.

4TH WEEK
Ranjit's Stirring Social

PARDESI

Director: CHATURBHAI JOSHI
Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA, E. BILLIMORIA.
Daily at: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON

REGAL Phone 35017
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
When Lovers meet or Lovers part they sing the tunes of

'TIN PAN ALLEY'

WITH ALICE FAYE BETTY GRABLE JACK OAKIE
A 20th Century Fox Picture
NEXT FRIDAY!
Glorious Sequel to "JESSE JAMES"
THE RETURN OF FRANK JAMES

GUJARAT KALAMANDIR LTD.'s

Smashing hit

Samajna Vanke

Director
DAKUBHAI MEHTA

Cast:
★ Miss KAMALA,
★ CHAMPAKLALA,
★ INAMDAR,
★ NARHAR,
★ BABY MANJULA, etc.

GUJARATI VERSION

Daily: 5, 7-30, 10 p.m.
SAT., SUN., & HOLIDAYS MATINEE at 2-30 p.m.

KRISHNA

TALKIES



THIS QUEEN OF EMOTIONS

WILL BE THE QUEEN OF YOUR HEARTS— WHEN YOU SEE HER

IN DALSUKH M. PANCHOLI'S

"Khazanchi"

—THE CASHIER—

A PANCHOLI ART PICTURE in HINDI

M. ISMAIL, MANORAMA, AJMAL, DURGA, KAMLA, JANKIDAS (The Champion Cyclist) & others in the supporting cast.

Directed by: MOTI B. GIDWANI

Coming Soon at

KPISHNA

TALKIES: DUBASH THEATRE

A FAMOUS PICTURES LTD RELEASE

SADHONA BOSE

WADIAS' Great Film Creation

RAJNARTAKI

Directed by MODHU BOSE

6th WEEK

OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

ZENANA SHOW

To-day at 1-30 p.m.

TO-DAY

SEE

●She was a girl

Happy and Gay

●But Society stood

In Her Way

& her life became a torture

GUJARAT KALAMANDIR LTD.'s

Smashing hit

Samajna Vanke

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: March 18.
The market opened with a quiet tone and after showing a slight advance, exhibited a firm tendency with quotations rising sharply. Tata Deferred opened at 193 1/8 and closed at 195 1/8. But later spurted up to 196 1/8 owing to impressive buying encouraged by reports of continuance of the existing protective duties on iron and steel manufactures. Tata Ordinary opened at 382 and moved up likewise to 386. Bombay Dyings ruled steady around 1005 Indian Irons were better off at 35 1/8.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:-
Tata Deferred (1942/3) 195 1/8 to 196 1/8
Tata Ordinary (1941/2) 382 1/8 to 386 1/8
Tata Ordinary 386 1/8 to 390 1/8
Indian Iron 32 1/8 to 33 1/8
Associated Cement 137 1/8 to 138 1/8
530. Sindia Steam 22 1/8 to 23 1/8
180/10. Reserve Bank 105 1/8 to 106 1/8
P 1502/8. Central Bank 45 1/8 to 46 1/8
143 1/8, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 54 1/4.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: March 18.
Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £19/0. Sterling exchange rate was 43 1/2 to 43 1/2 at London and 43 1/2 at New York.

London spot silver was unchanged at 25 1/2 and forward quotation was 25 7/16. There was very small business. New York spot silver was unchanged at 24 3/4 cents per ounce. Shanghai T. T. in London was quoted 3 1/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3 and forward parity was Rs. 62/8. The local market was quiet with a moderate turnover in Silver while Gold was steady with scattered buying.

Quotations were as under:- Gold Silver
Ready Rs. 43 11 6 62 15 6
Fagan Rs. 43 11 6 62 15 6
Chaitra Rs. 43 12 6 62 15 6
Sovereigns: Rs. 2/8.

INFANTILE LIVER & SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

The onset of Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints is indicated by such symptoms as an occasional rise in temperature attended by constipation or diarrhoea, vomiting, stools coloured clay, muddy or white, sometimes emitting bad smell, loss of appetite and slight abdominal distension. The child exhibits peevishness and is inert and drowsy. It shows an inclination to lie on the face with the abdomen in contact with cold surface. The child's urine when allowed to dry on the floor leaves white patches. The child gets thinner.

Before use

AT SUCH A STAGE "SIMPLE" LIVER CURE IS RECOMMENDED. As the disease advances, further symptoms such as hardening of the liver; pain over the region of the liver; high temperature; jaundice (shown by the condition of the yellowness of urine, eyes and skin); collection of fluid in the abdomen; distension of the abdomen; protuberance of abdominal veins; swelling of legs, face and hands are exhibited.

AT SUCH A STAGE "COMPLICATED" LIVER CURE IS RECOMMENDED

Medical practitioners all over India are convinced that JAMMI'S "LIVER CURE" is the infallible and radical cure for Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints. Prompt use of Liver Cure has saved thousands of children from the fatal consequences of neglected or inapt treatment.

Consult or write for detailed Literature:
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS,
Parekh Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
Phone: 41953. Grams: "Livercure."

THE BANK OF BARODA

(Incorporated in India under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1913)
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MAHARAJA GAEKWAR
CAPITAL AS ON 31-12-1940
Capital Authorised Rs. 2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed Rs. 1,20,00,000
Capital called up Rs. 60,00,000
Capital paid up on 31-12-1940 Rs. 59,96,180
Reserve Fund Rs. 55,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Dabhoi, Patal, (Bhadra), Dwarka, Petlad, Ahmedabad, Harij, Port Okha, (Panchkura), Kadi, Sankheda, Anand, Kalol, Solapur, Bhavnagar, Rajmanglik, Bhuj, Bhilwara, Karjan, Visnagar, Bombay, Mombasa, (N. G.), Calcutta, Navsari, Vayna, Nagpur, Express, Poona Express, Allahabad Express, Poona Fast Passenger, 21 46 12 10

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest allowed at 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest when does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
For long or short periods. Terms on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AT BARODA.
Rates of rentals on application.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY
for all Eye TROUBLES even Cataract Safe. Sure. World-wide reputation and tested at all Chemists. Literature free. Beware of imitations—insist on SELLER'S.
KEMP & CO., LTD., Bombay.

New York Cotton Prices Decline On Reports Of Official Opposition To Higher Loans

HEAVY GENERAL LIQUIDATION Operators Await Administration's Counter Proposals

BOMBAY, March 18.
On Monday prices on the New York Cotton Exchange declined 27 points on heavy general long liquidation.

The tone of the market was weak on reports that the Washington administration opposes higher loan. Operators are awaiting the administration's counter proposals for the Senate Agricultural Committee on Wednesday.

The New York cotton market being heavily under speculative purchases by Wall Street and Bombay operators was unable to make a stand against reported official opposition to higher loans.

There was a joint session on Saturday and it is believed that the Washington administration will place before the Committee new proposals. It will take weeks to decide the issue and there will be no loan announcement until August when the new American cotton crop begins to move.

The present Farm policy has not improved the situation as loan stocks have increased to record levels and the export trade has declined considerably. Thus the most important need at the moment is to reduce production, as it is difficult to find new outlets for cotton. Higher loan is no solution and naturally the Washington Administration to think in terms of world situation and developments.

NEW YORK COTTON

The New York cotton market opened easy and declined on active Bombay and Commission House liquidation and Southern selling on reports that President Roosevelt opposes additional farm benefits. The market was persistent selling and May declined to 10.65, which was the lowest. Distances were weaker. The session closed at a net decline of 24 to 25 points. Spot cotton prices lost 15 points at 10.56 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: March 17.
March 10.58-21
May 10.58-21
July 10.58-21
October 10.58-21
December 10.58-21
January 10.58-21
March 10.58-21
Middling Spot 10.58-21

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 17.
11 a.m. Range: Noon Call.
May 10.73
July 10.69
October 10.65
Middling Spot 10.65

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts at U.S. ports 8,000 bales
Day's exports to Britain Nil
Day's exports to Continent Nil
Day's exports to China and Japan Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: March 17.
March 10.58-21
May 10.58-21
July 10.58-21
October 10.58-21
December 10.58-21
January 10.58-21
March 10.58-21
Middling Spot 10.58-21

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 18.
Castorseed May—Rs. 33 0 0
Opening 33 0 0
Highest 33 0 0
Lowest 32 0 0
Closing 32 0 0
Cottonseed May—21 2 0
Opening 21 2 0
Highest 21 4 0
Lowest 20 14 6
Closing 20 14 6
Groundnuts May—21 4 6
Opening 21 4 6
Highest 20 8 0
Lowest 20 8 0
Closing 20 8 0
LIVERPOOL MARKET
The Liverpool cotton market opened strong in sympathy with higher New York and rise in Bombay cotton prices. Offerings were scarce and there was moderate trade call. The market's closure on 21st March is believed to be inevitable and may be announced to-day. The market closed at a rise of 15 pts. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 13 pts at 9.83 per lb.

WHEAT AND WHEAT

Bombay, March 18.
Wheat May—3 14 0
Wheat September 3 14 0
Linseed May 8 4 6
Linseed September 8 7 9

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, March 18.
The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.,
Pepper ready Alleppey per Rs. 81 0 0
candy 81 0 0
Pepper Chitra Sud 15 per candy 81 12 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy 81 12 0
Ginger bleached per cwt 15 0 0
Ginger Chitra Sud 15 per cwt 15 0 0
Ginger Valsakh Sud 15 per cwt 15 0 0

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: March 17.
UPPER GIZA NO. 2
Spot 11.14-2 12.14-2
May 11.10-1 11.10-1
July 11.04-1 11.04-1
October 11.04-1 11.04-1
November 11.04-1 11.04-1
January 11.04-1 11.04-1

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.
Arr. Dep.
M G Bengal U P 137 135 133 131
M G Punjab 137 135 133 131
M G Rajputana 142 140 138 136
M G Omra No. 3 172 169 166 163
M G C P No. 1 197 194 191 188
M G C P No. 2 181 178 175 172
M G Branch No. 2 229 226 222 219

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

P. P. Bales 1940-41 1939-40
Receipts to date 17-3-41 6,000 29,000
Export to date 17-3-41 7,000 29,000
Stock at Ports 14-3-41 346,000 290,000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-3-41 308,000 270,000
Visible Supply 14-3-41 654,000 560,000
Quantity in sight 14-3-41 931,000 1,196,000
Quantity out of sight 14-3-41 1,123,000 1,356,000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 18.
Approx. quotations. Ready. Delivery contract.
Bengal Fine 137
Berar 137
C. P. 2 174-79
Khandesh 144-51
Magdi 165-57
Bengal 229-30
Punjab R.G. 289F 352-72
Punjab R.G. 289F 322-32
Punjab R.G. 4F 267-72

Moderate Improvement In Textile Shares

TATA STEEL SHARES STEADY Limited Business And Constructive Outlook

Bombay: March 18.
The local share Bazaar was again fairly steady with moderate buying in Cotton Mills shares. It appears that there is general desire to buy cotton mill shares as during the period of war, the textile industry will make rapid progress and will earn record profits as most of the mills are running double shifts and the demand is extensive. This is true to some extent, but the work of the market calls for attention as short sales are banned and the market structure is somewhat artificial. This state of affairs has resulted in wide differences between cash and forward quotations but nobody can help. The market was quiet and steady and advance quickly lost its momentum. Fractional gains were either cancelled or reduced with the session closing. Steel shares put has reached a new peak which has a steady influence on Steels, but taxes, broadening of the scope of work, and upsets accentuated conservatism. U. S. Steel shares closed 1/2 down at 57 3/4 and Ana.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: March 18.
Bombay Dyings (1132/8) 1127 1132 1127 1142
1137 1140 1137 1138
Tata Steel (148) 148 148 148 148
Central India (329) 328 332 334 332 333 332
Kohinoor (429) 429 429 431 427 431/8 429 430 429
New Greys (482) 480 480 483 482 480
Simplex (113) 113 112 115 116
Swadeshi (304) 303 307 306 307 311
Associated Cement (144) 144/8 143/8 144/8
144/4
Andhra (1842/8) 1842/8
Tramway Ordinary (135/12) 135/12
Tata Hydro (148) 148
Tata Steel Defd (2030) 2025 2015 2035 2026 2030
2028
Tata Steel Ordinary (393) 391 390 394 392 393
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (149/12) 149/12 149/8 149/4
Bellapur (217/8) 217/8 218/8
Bombay Steel (322) 322
Bombay Burma (563/12) 562 565 562 560 563
560 562

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 18.
100 Ahm. Dyings 275 0
200 BOMBAY DYING 1132 8
100 CENTURY 419 8
100 CENTRAL INDIA 332 8
100 COORLA X.D. 128 0
100 Coorla 107 0
250 David 37 8
250 Dawn 317 8
100 D. Sassoon Def. 192 0
100 FINLAY 237 8
100 GOKAK 237 8
100 Hindustan 200 0
100 Indore 65 0
100 Khatua 150 10
100 KOHINOOR X.D. 429 8
250 LAXMI 572 8

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: March 18.
LONDON:-
T. T. D. 1/5 15/16 to 17th September
Bank's selling T. T. D. 1/5 31/32 to 17th Sept.
Bank's buying T. T. 1/5 1/32 to 17th Sept.
Bank's buying D. 1/5 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 7/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 1/4 Two months
NEW YORK:-
Bank's selling T. T. 3/32 3/4
Bank's buying T. T. 3/32 3/4
Bank's buying D. 3/32
JAPAN:-
Bank's selling T. T. 8 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying T. T. 7 1/2 nominal
Bank's buying 3 days 7 1/4 nominal
JAVANESE:-
Bank's selling D. D. 85 3/4
SHANGHAI:-
Bank's selling D. D. 20 3/4
SINGAPORE:-
Bank's selling D. D. 187 3/4
CLOSING RATES:-
Hongkong/London 1/5 1/32 18th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/5 1/2 18th inst.
New York/London 4/03 1/2 17th inst.
London/New York 4/03 1/2 17th inst.
London/Stockholm 16/85 17th inst.
London/Japan 1/2 1/2 17th inst.
London/Canada 4/43/4 17th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange—Quiet near steady forward.
Gold 48/9 17th inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 17th inst.
Silver London Forward 23 7/16 17th inst.
Silver New York Ready 24 3/4 14th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 17th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 17th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money—Call unobtainable.
3 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone—Very easy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 18.
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 96/14
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 95-14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 99/4
3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 95
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 102-4
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 108-12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104/10
3 per cent War Bonds 101/1
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113/8
TAX FREE LOANS.
5 per cent 1945-56 Loan 112
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125
CORPORATION DEBENTURES
4 per cent B. P. T. 1947 108-2
4 per cent M. Deb. 1974 107-12
5 per cent M. Deb. 1958 116
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 128
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956 128

DENABANK MANDVI BRANCH.

A Branch of Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd. will be opened in Gaumukh Bhuvan, Opposite Masjid Station, Corner of Bhat Bazar and Masjid Bunder Road, on Friday, the 28th March, 1941.



For 21 years every one of the winning cars in the 500-mile track race at Indianapolis (U.S.A.) has been fitted with Firestone Tyres. The winning average rose from 88 m. p. h. in 1920 to 117 m. p. h. in 1938, with even greater safety for the man behind the wheel.

FIRESTONE CHAMPION

GEAR-GRIP TREAD
The New Firestone Champion is a low, deep rib, with 12 sharp edges and over 3000 angles grip the road to prevent skidding and enable you to bring the car to a safe stop when braking.

SAFETY-LOCK CORD
Each fibre in every cord, each cord in every ply, and the plies themselves are locked together by Firestone's exclusive Gum-Dip—without bursting strain and ensure longer wear.

Firestone TYRES. Most Miles per Rupee

FIRESTONE TYRE & RUBBER CO., OF INDIA, LTD., HEAD OFFICE & FACTORY: BOMBAY. District Offices: Bangalore, Bombay, Calcutta, Calicut, Colombo, Delhi, Karachi, Lahore, Madras, Rangoon.

NO OTHER TOOTH BRUSH CLEANS AND PROTECTS MY TEETH AS WELL AS THE TUFTED Pro-phy-lac-tic

The big end tuft reaches way back into the mouth—cleans back teeth, brushes often missed.

ALWAYS SOLID IN THE YELLOW BOX

Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

IS THE ONE TOOTH BRUSH THAT THOROUGHLY CLEANS ALL THE TEETH

WHY Pro-phy-lac-tic BRUSHES ARE SO SUPERIOR

- The big end tuft assures thorough cleansing of back teeth as well as front.
- The notched surface cleans in between all the teeth—front and back, inside and outside.
- Brush is welded to handle by special Perma-Grip process.
- Highest quality—lasts longer—most economical.

Remember—only a brush with a tufted end thoroughly cleans all the teeth.

INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

METRO
DAILY AT 3.30-6.30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 2 DAYS!

CLARK GABLE HEDY LAMARR
"Comrade X"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

Heartbreak Behind Gayety
Of a Girl-Girl Show!

Maureen O'HARA LUCILLE BALL
DANCE, GIRL, DANCE
Virginia Field • Bellamy
Mary Carlisle • Katharine Alexander
Edward Brophy • Walter Allen • Harold Huber • Maria Guanzon
KGO RADIO
Picture

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

LAST 2 DAYS
CAPITOL Phone: 20422
TILL THURSDAY ONLY
DAILY AT 6-30 P.M.

On The Stage
HAREN GHOSH
presents

SADHONA BOSE
And
HER NEW BALLET

20 DANCERS & MUSICIANS 20
SECOND PROGRAMME OF DANCES & MUSIC
Music:
TIMIR BARAN
Popular Prices: Rs. 4-8.
3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9.
Plans Open—Book Early

THE FILM OF THE
Everyone's
Choice
PRABHAT'S & SHANTARAM'S
PADOSI—HINDI
ALIAS SHEJARI MARATHI
8th WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
HINDI: 7, 9-45 P.M.
MARATHI: 4 P.M.

Shanta Hublikar Is Swell!
A STAR-STUDED SOCIAL WITH
APPLAUDIENCE APPEAL!!

TARUN PICTURES
SECOND SOCIAL!

Heart-Pounding Photoplay of
A young boy with millions in Love
with a girl who was poor!!

PRABHAT

STORY: M. G. DAVE
Direction: V. M. VYAS
with P. JAIRAJ VATSALA KUMTEKAR KALYANI NAZIR BEDI M. MUSHRAFF

Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
Friday Being Jamshed Navroz,
At 1-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 7, 1997
Muslim: Safar 23, 1356
Parsi: Mehr 16, 1310
Hightide: 5.51, 1700
Lowtide: 10.06, 23.03
Sunrise: 6h. 50m.
Sunset: 6h. 50m.

THURSDAY, March 20
Haj Committee meeting at 5 p.m. (S.T.)
at Haj Committee Office.

KAMATIPURA SEVA SANGH—A tea party will be given to Sits, B. D. Tammar and R. M. Khandray by the members of Kamatipura Seva Sangh, to-day (Wednesday) at 7.30 p.m. (S.T.) in Pupala's Hall, Kamatipura 6th Street, Sjt. V. R. Tulla, Municipal Councilor, will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS—A public meeting for questions and answers, preceded by a short talk on "The Theosophical Movement" will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6.15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

BOHRA LEAGUE PARTY—Famous Film Star Mr. Karim Jan will deliver a speech on "Islam" and Mr. A. A. Azad, will also deliver his speech on "Socialism" at Bhandarkwala Building, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay 2, to-day (Wednesday) at 9.30 p.m. Mr. Inayatullah will preside.

'G' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE—An informal meeting of the workers of the 'G' Ward will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. in the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee's Office opposite Dadar Station (B. C. I. Bldg.) to formulate a scheme for carrying on constructive programme of the Congress. Mr. Dhirubhai B. Desai, President of the B. C. C. C. will also be present.

FRICTION PROPERTIES OF TEXTILE FIBRES—Under the auspices of the Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, and the Mechanical Engineers' Association of India, a lecture meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6.40 p.m. (S.T.) in the Association Hall, when Mr. K. H. Shah of the Varnar Vijaya Industrial Works will deliver a lecture on "Friction Properties of the Textile Fibres."

CHITRA GUPTA ANNIVERSARY—The Kayastha Sabha, Bombay, celebrated the birthday anniversary of Shree Chitra Gupta (Saj) Maharaj, the founder of the Kayastha community on Monday evening in the premises of Johar Palace at Kaibadevi Road. Sjt. Basudev Prasad Srivastava presiding. Mr. B. Nigam paying tribute narrated the life-history of Shree Chitra Gupta and his twelve sons who were allotted posts of duty to carry on the mission of unity all over the country.

MATUNGA PREMIER SCHOOL—The annual prize distribution gathering of the Matunga Premier School (For Boys & Girls) was held on Sunday evening at Jnanodar Thakresay Hall, Parel, under the presidency of Sjt. Bhagwandas Harakchand Shah, when an interesting programme consisting of Ras-Garba—Dance—Dramatics, Physical Feats was gone through.
Mr. N. V. Desai, the Principal reading the report said that at present there were 1,100 students in the School. The School was running Primary and Secondary Departments and a separate school for girls was opened by the management of the school in June, 1940.
The President, Sjt. Seth Bhagwandas Harakchand said that the programme that they had witnessed was an indication of the good work of the school and the institution deserved the help of all the Gujarati-speaking population of Matunga and the adjoining suburbs.
The President distributed the prizes to the successful candidates at the annual sports and at the last annual examination.

KILLS THE GERMS
AND
HEALS THE WOUND
Germex
ANTISEPTIC HEALING OINTMENT
For ALL SKIN COMPLAINTS
THE ORIGINAL BALM PRODUCT

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—Sadhana Bose's Dances. Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Tin Pan Alley" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Comrade X" Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Come on George". Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Dance Girl, Dance" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Funamalgam" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika" Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Ghar Jawa" Daily at 4.30, 7 and 9.45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Virginia" Daily at 4.30, 7 and 9.45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Samajna Vanke" Daily at 5, 7.30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Prabhat" Daily at 4.15, 7 and 10 p.m.
LAKSHMION—"Paradesi" Daily at 4.30, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padoli" Daily at 4, 7 and 9.45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Virginia City" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Qaidi-Qaidi" Daily at 4.30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Untamed" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"The Kick" Daily at 4, 6.40 and 9.45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

CANDIDATE FOR MAYORALTY

Congress Party Meeting
The question of selecting the Congress Candidate for the Mayoralty was discussed at the Congress Party Meeting held at the Congress House on Tuesday night. No decision was reached. The leader of the Party, Mr. Motichand Kapadia, and the Secretary, Mr. Gordhandas Morarji, have been authorised to fix a date for calling another meeting to arrive at a decision.
Mr. Motichand Kapadia presided over the meeting. About 28 members were present.

Khadi & Village Industries EXHIBITION

(INCLUDING PUBLIC HEALTH SECTION)
At Gazdar Hall, Andheri.

21st March To 23rd March

Daily open: 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 8 p.m.
ADMISSION FREE

Programme

The following is the programme of the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition, Andheri.
FRIDAY, 21ST MARCH:
8.30 a.m. Opening ceremony by Sjt. Mathuradas Trikamji, Mayor of Bombay.
3 to 5 p.m. Spinning competition (1) Adult men (2) Children.
6 p.m. Music.
7 p.m. Display of Health Films and Slides.
SATURDAY, 22ND MARCH:
2 to 5 p.m. Open, for Women only.
3 to 5 p.m. Spinning competition—Women.
6 p.m. Music: Balkarni and Party's Orchestra.
7 p.m. Display of Congress Session Films and Village Industries Slides.
SUNDAY, 23RD MARCH:
9 to 10 a.m. Hindustani Elocution Competitions whose mother tongue is not Urdu or Hindi and Students under 20.
President: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.
6 p.m. Music: Mr. Tuladasi Joshi.
7 p.m. Distribution of Prizes: Spinning, Hindustani Elocution, Rangoli.
President: Sreemati G. M. S. Captain.
N.B. Rangoli designed by the students between 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Thursday, 20th March.
All the competitions are intended only for residents of the Bombay Suburban District. Competitors are requested to send their names before 10 a.m. on Thursday, 20th March, at the office of the Exhibition. Inquiries may be addressed to the office of the Exhibition, Gazdar Hall, Ghodbunder.

Muslim League Ladies' Sub-Committee

A meeting of the Ladies Sub-Committee was held and the following Lecture Committee was appointed in connection with the forthcoming Bombay Provincial Muslim League Conference—
Mrs. Noorbano Zakaria Maniar, (Convener); Mrs. Fatmabai Mohamedali Maniar; Miss Amina J. Mohamed; Mrs. H. Siraj; Mrs. Shaif Trehbi, M.L.A.; Mrs. Sultana Fazle Hussain; Miss Sifat Fatch Mohamed Maniar; Miss Gubano M. Visram; Mrs. Gulam Hussain Kazi; Mrs. Qasamally Jai-rabhoji; Mrs. K. A. Somji; Miss Meherbano M. Visram.
Miss Meherbano M. Visram, Secretary, Ladies Muslim National Guards writes:—
Girls between the ages of 7 and 12 can join the Juvenile Corps and Ladies from 16 years and above can join Ladies Muslim National Guards. All applications should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary, Ladies' Muslim National Guards, C/o Bombay Provincial Muslim League, Shahr Castle, Mohamedali Road, Bombay 3.

Primary Muslim League For Dharavi

A public meeting of the Mussalmans of Dharavi and Mahim was held on March 16 at Dharavi to organise primary Muslim League at Dharavi.
Mohamed Din presided. The President appealed to the Mussalmans to organise and strengthen the Muslim League which is the only representative body to negotiate and deliver goods on behalf of Indian Muslims.

Big Jute Orders For Bengal

An order for 42 lakhs yards of hessian (forty inches, 7.12 ounces) was placed with the Indian Jute Mills Association by the Controller of Jute in India.
Last week, the association received an order for 37 million sandbags for the Government of India. The period of delivery of this order extends from April to June 1941.—A. P.

On The Air

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,331 kc/s)
8 a.m. Vilayat Hussain 8.5 News in Marathi. 8.15 News in Gujarati. 8.25 G. N. Joshi. 8.40 News in Hindustani. 8.50 News in English. 9 Pannalal Ghosh. 9.15 Nisar Ahmed. 9.30 Saraswatibai Fatehpurkar. 9.45 Air Quar-tet.
12.30 p.m. Bhavgeeta 12.45 Classical songs. 12.57 News in Hindustani. 1 From favourite films. 1.20 Mutual understanding. 1.30 News in English. 1.35 Lunch hour music. 5 To-morrow. 5.5 Master Amritlal. 5.50 Dhun Pur-vi. 5.55 News in Marathi. 5.50 News in Gujarati. 5.55 Saraswatibai Fatehpurkar. 6 News in English. 6.5 News in Hindustani. 6.10 Allah Rakha. 6.25 Sitar and jalarang. 6.35 G. N. Joshi. 7 Our Journals. 7.15 Naghma on sarinda. 7.25 Talk of the town. 7.30 B. Khandarkar. 7.45 Bhaktak-Hittari. 7.55 News in Marathi. 8.10 News in Gujarati. 8.25 Topic of the day. 8.30 War and our industries. 8.45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9.20 News in English. 9.30 B B C News relay 10 G. N. Joshi. 10.20 Pannalal Ghosh. 10.35 Ditties in duets.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
8 to 8.5 a.m. As in Bombay I. 8.5 Teen Dade. 8.15 A. Kerkar. 8.25 to 8.40 As in Bombay I. 8.40 G. N. Joshi. 8.50 Pannalal Ghosh. 9 to 9.45 As in Bombay I. 9.45 to 10.30 As in Bombay I. 10.30 to 10.45 As in Bombay I. 10.45 to 11.15 As in Bombay I. 11.15 to 11.45 As in Bombay I. 11.45 to 12.15 As in Bombay I. 12.15 to 12.57 p.m. As in Bombay I. 12.57 to 1.30 As in Bombay I. 1.30 to 1.45 As in Bombay I. 1.45 to 2.15 As in Bombay I. 2.15 to 2.45 As in Bombay I. 2.45 to 3.15 As in Bombay I. 3.15 to 3.45 As in Bombay I. 3.45 to 4.15 As in Bombay I. 4.15 to 4.45 As in Bombay I. 4.45 to 5.15 As in Bombay I. 5.15 to 5.45 As in Bombay I. 5.45 to 6.15 As in Bombay I. 6.15 to 6.45 As in Bombay I. 6.45 to 7.15 As in Bombay I. 7.15 to 7.45 As in Bombay I. 7.45 to 8.15 As in Bombay I. 8.15 to 8.45 As in Bombay I. 8.45 to 9.15 As in Bombay I. 9.15 to 9.45 As in Bombay I. 9.45 to 10.15 As in Bombay I. 10.15 to 10.45 As in Bombay I. 10.45 to 11.15 As in Bombay I. 11.15 to 11.45 As in Bombay I. 11.45 to 12.15 As in Bombay I. 12.15 to 12.57 As in Bombay I. 12.57 to 1.30 As in Bombay I. 1.30 to 1.45 As in 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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, March 19, 1941.

SAFEGUARDS FOR HARIJANS

Whatever may be the representative character of the First De-pressed Class Political Conference of Gujarat, held at Ahmedabad last week under the presidency of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the suggestions made by him and the Conference for the progress of Harijans may be considered on their own merits. So far as the present position of Harijans is concerned, it could be even more severely criticised than it was at the Conference, and the progress is still distressingly slow in spite of the enormous improvement made in their condition by the Congress Governments and by bodies like the Harijan Sevaka Sangh. The main cause of this is that though the brunt of orthodox opposition to Harijans' progress is broken, the reformers, with few exceptions, are not active and self-sacrificing enough in the constructive work expected of them. Some Harijan leaders themselves hinder such work on the ground that it is not radical enough or that political progress must precede ameliorative work. Harijans doubtless need more political progress and more State help, but slow progress in this respect should be rather an incentive to more ameliorative effort by the public.

No Segregation

Once it is assumed, as it must be, that most of the disabilities of the Harijans arise out of their being regarded as untouchable and, therefore, being segregated as a class, it follows that the best remedy is to abolish the practice of untouchability and segregation in every sphere and so to absorb Harijans in the Hindu society as to eradicate as soon as possible every difference between their social status in the society and that of other castes. This tendency has been in evidence for a few decades past, though it has been so far very feeble and confined to a few Harijan communities. As a result of this a few communities like the Namasmudras of Bengal have almost ceased to be regarded as untouchable. To some extent this tendency is hindered by the legislation scheduling certain communities as "untouchable" or depressed. For once a man or community is registered as belonging to the "Scheduled Castes," he or it tends to belong to this group for all time despite any rise in their social status. But this scheduling business has been rendered necessary by the political controversies about the representation of Harijans. Care should be taken, however, not to do anything likely to accentuate

the segregation of Harijans or to hinder their absorption in the Hindu fold.

Reactionary Proposal

Judged from this point of view, Dr. Ambedkar's suggestions for more representation for Harijans in the services and greater facilities for their education are sound in principle. It is also desirable, as far as possible, to have a representative of Harijans in every Cabinet, though the details of a composite Cabinet and its responsibility to the Legislature are vexed questions that need to be seriously considered by all political parties. Dr. Ambedkar's suggestion of settlements exclusively occupied by the depressed classes in cultivated waste and forest lands is not quite clear, particularly in view of his remark that the harassment of these classes by caste Hindus still continues and will not stop till the former are removed to new settlements. It may be readily conceded that whatever waste or forest lands are available for cultivation may well be given to the unemployed Harijans from adjoining areas in preference to other classes. But such lands are most likely to be in sacred areas. If Dr. Ambedkar contemplates the concentration of vast numbers of Harijans in huge settlements and large scale migration from their native villages or districts, we do not think the plan is feasible. Moreover, unnecessary segregation is positively harmful. An alternative and more practicable plan is that in each town the Harijans should be helped to live together in clean quarters at moderate rents. Even in this case there should be minimum segregation. For, as we have suggested above, the ideal always to be aimed at is the absorption of the Harijans in the Hindu fold. As regards Dr. Ambedkar's suggestion, endorsed by the Conference, that the representatives of Harijans to all elected bodies should be elected by separate electorates, this is a reactionary proposal, even more injurious to the Harijans than to the Hindu community and the nation. The country has already suffered terribly from separate electorates and it will not do to extend the evil. The present system under the Poona Pact is a fair compromise to which Dr. Ambedkar himself is a party and it should be given a sufficiently long trial. We are confident that when a Constituent Assembly meets the majority of Harijan leaders will declare for joint electorates, which is only a corollary to their desire to be undistinguishably one with the caste Hindus.

Sensational Forecast

A rather sensational forecast has appeared in the "New York Times" about the Balkans. In a Belgrade telegram to that paper it is suggested on the authority of "leading diplomats and well-informed political and military experts" that there will be a flare-up before summer "with Yugoslavia, Turkey, Greece and Britain on a common front against Germany." This is a highly complacent assumption. It ignores two most important things about the Nazis: their capacity for caution and their resolute persistence in conducting a war of nerves against a prospective victim. With Italy tottering in Albania they would be fools to take on in the South-East a victorious Greece, two fairly powerful countries like Yugoslavia and Turkey and a Britain relieved, most probably, from her military and aerial pre-occupations in Italian East Africa. For that would be courting a war on two fronts with a vengeance, a war which they have very rightly dreaded. We cannot believe that they would bring such a crisis upon themselves. They would, if assured of Turkey's non-intervention, move and move quickly against Greece to save the Fascists from disaster. But they would not embark upon any direct

military aggression against Yugoslavia. They would persist in the effort to wear down Yugo-Slav resistance to their demands. That they are meeting with difficulties in their campaign is evident enough from the fact that, although scheduled to do so over a week ago, Yugo-Slavia has not yet signed any Pact or agreement at all. With the combination of negotiations, there has been an increasing growth in the unity and determination of Yugo-Slavia to defend her independence and integrity. At least that is what the Belgrade Press and radio suggest. And, as if to add to the Nazis' difficulties, the Yugo-Slav appear to be highly suspicious of their blandishments and assurances. In fact, one paper quite bluntly refers to the lessons of "the events of March," that is, of events in Bulgaria. And, according to a Belgrade message to the "New York Times" quoting sources close to the Yugo-Slav Government, in spite of German pressure, the Yugo-Slav leaders have adopted a "Take it or leave it" attitude. Incidentally there is a suggestion from Belgrade that, as a condition of any non-aggression Pact, Yugo-Slavia wants Germany to consider Salonika as equivalent to Yugo-Slav territory. This report we regard as absurdly wishful.

Hindu Women's Rights To Property

The following is the concluding questionnaire issued by the Committee set up by the Government of India to examine certain aspects of Hindu Law.

QUESTION 9. A Hindu dies leaving a widow and a son of an anuloma marriage (locally valid).

Q. 9. Should the widow inherit the same share as an ordinary son or as the son of the anuloma marriage?

In these parts of India where anuloma marriages are recognised, the son of the marriage takes a smaller share than an ordinary son.

As a sub-question—Q. 9 (a). Should any provision be made to place the legality or otherwise of anuloma or other inter-caste marriages beyond doubt?

We now come to various other ambiguities or possible defects in the Acts of 1937 and 1938. QUESTION 10. A Hindu dies leaving two widows and number of sons. Under the Acts in question the two widows together are entitled to the same share as a son, whereas under the law as it stood before the Acts each of the widows might, on a partition between the sons, have taken a son's share.

Q. 10. Should the position created by the Acts be maintained?

Under the Acts of 1937 and 1938, if a Hindu dies leaving two widows, they are both entitled to inherit; but nothing is said as to their shares inter se: e.g. where one of the widows is of the same caste and the other of an inferior caste (where anuloma marriages are permitted).

Q. 11. Should all the surviving widows take equally, irrespective of caste? If not, what rule would you prescribe?

QUESTION 12. The Acts of 1937 and 1938 are silent as to what should happen if any of the widows provided for therein were unchaste, or if they remarried, or became converts to another religion, or incurred any other disqualification under Hindu Law.

Q. 12. What provision should be made for women in families with

made for each of these contingencies?

QUESTION 13. The Acts in question are silent as to what should happen upon the death of any of the heirs provided for therein. Thus, suppose a Hindu, with separate property, dies leaving a widow X, a son Y, and a widowed daughter-in-law Z. Under the Acts, each would get one-third of the property. If thereafter Z dies, should her share go to X and Y equally or only to Y? or more generally, Q. 13. What express provision, if any, should be made for the devolution of the estate upon the death of any of the heirs provided for in the Acts in question?

QUESTION 14. Under the Acts of 1937 and 1938, the interest which a widow inherits is "the limited interest known as a Hindu Women's estate." Before the Acts came into force, a Jain widow sometimes took, not a limited estate, but an absolute estate in her husband's property and in Mitthila (North Bihar) she took an absolute estate. The Acts have thus restricted rather than enlarged the widow's interest in certain cases.

Q. 14. What remedy, if any, would you propose? Would you provide for (a) a limited estate in every case as under the Acts in question, or (b) an absolute estate in every case, or (c) an absolute estate in a certain specified share of the inheritance, such as one-sixth, or (d) the same kind of estate, whether limited or absolute, as the widow would have taken under her own personal law but for the Acts? If (b) or (c), what course of devolution would you propose for the estate or share thereof upon her death?

As a sub-question—Q. 14 (a). Do you consider that any special provision should be made for women in families with

inpartible Estates or would you extend the same rules to them as may be formulated in the case of ordinary estates?

QUESTION 15. A Hindu governed by the Mitakshara school (outside the Madras Presidency) dies, leaving a widow, a mother, and a brother, all members of a joint family. By Section 3(2) of the Act of 1937 as amended by the Act of 1938, the widow will have the same interest in the joint family property as her husband had, except that hers will be a limited estate. If this means that she will be deemed to be a coparcener exactly as her husband was, the result will be that upon the brother's death, the entire property will pass to her to the exclusion of the mother. If on the other hand it means that the widow will have the same interest as her husband would have obtained, had he separated from the coparcener immediately before his death, the position will be different. For, had there been a partition immediately before his death, his mother, his brother, and he himself would each have got a one-third share, so that this last-mentioned one-third share would pass to his widow. In other words, his death must be regarded as effecting the disruption of the joint family and the transfer of his share of the property to his widow.

Q. 15. Which of these two positions (or which other position) would you wish to see established?

QUESTION 16. In order to promote the gradual growth of a uniform law of succession for Hindus throughout British India, while avoiding piecemeal legislation the following suggestions have been made:—

(1) that every Hindu (whether male or female) should be empowered to make a formal declaration before a prescribed autho-

rity that his or her property (whether separate or joint), shall devolve according to the rules of Hindu Law applicable to the case and that in default of such a declaration the property will devolve according to the rules laid down in the Indian Succession Act.

(2) that every Hindu (whether male or female) should be empowered to make a formal declaration before a prescribed authority that his or her property (whether separate or joint) shall devolve according to the rules laid down in the Indian Succession Act and that in default of such a declaration the property will devolve according to the rules of Hindu Law applicable to the case. (It will be noticed that this is, so to speak, the converse of (1).)

(3) that either (a) the rules in the Indian Succession Act or (b) a set of rules representing the 'greatest common measure' of the rules of succession in the various schools of Hindu Law should be made applicable to the property of all Hindus throughout British India after a specified date which may be five or even ten years hence.

In order to give effect to (1) or (2) or (3) (a) it may be necessary slightly to adapt certain provisions of the Indian Succession Act, e.g., where the decedent has two wives—a continuing wife which is not provided for in the Indian Succession Act. As to (3) it may be explained that the object of postponing the application of the new rules until a specified date is to give adequate notice of the change to all concerned.

Q. 16. Which, if any, of these alternatives would you prefer? If you prefer (3) (b) can you suggest a suitable table of heirs or the principle (whether of "proximity" or of "spiritual efficacy") upon which such a table should be prepared?

Would you suggest any other course, as for example, one set of rules for those territories where the Mitakshara is the leading authority and another set for those which are governed by the Daya bhaga?

Frankly Speaking

Important Developments

The recapture by British forces of Berbera—it may probably be followed by a similar assault on Zella—is an important development because it opens yet another road to Harar and Dire Dawa. But even more important is the fact that the attack upon Berbera and resumption of operations in the Keren area were virtually timed together. Cairo spokesmen try to be cautious and non-committal about the implications of the latter. But it is hardly to be supposed that the British have captured merely to relieve for a few days the monotony of long inactivity. It looks rather as if General Wavell following his tactics at Bardia and Tobruk has now launched the decisive offensive. So that the organic plan seems to be to capture Keren and then overrun Eritrea in the North and simultaneously Dire Dawa and Harar in the heart of Abyssinia. Thereafter the fall of Addis Ababa threatened from so many directions, and the consequent conquest of the whole of Il Duce's East African Empire will be a matter of days not weeks.

Morally At War

American Press reactions to President Roosevelt's great speech are very significant. They show that even the fear of the United States being dragged into war is now secondary to the desire—nay, the determination—to make America an arsenal of democracy. The country is already morally at war with the dictators and the situation is very similar to that on the eve of the entry of the United States in the last war. A well-known American journalist goes to the length of forecasting that Hitler will now sever diplomatic relations with the United States. But the fact that public opinion is now apparently reconciled even to that contingency shows what distance the American people have travelled during the last year.

Excuses

The Government of India have never lacked arguments to excuse slow industrialisation in India. In reply to demands from all sides for more rapid industrial progress with State help the Commerce Minister said in the Central Legislative Assembly on Monday that there was great danger in over-industrialisation and that balanced adjustment between agriculture and industry should be brought about. He also opposed the "extreme nationalism" that insisted that everything possible should be

made in India and that trade should be carried on on a system of one-way traffic. Is the Commerce Minister really unaware that for years past in India there has been growing concentration on land, that millions are unemployed in the rural area and that for sheer existence they need industries, large scale and small scale? Nobody has seriously suggested a system of one-way traffic. But surely it is a bad plan to send our raw produce to foreign countries and get it back as finished products, as if we had neither the need nor the ability to make the finished products ourselves.

Procrastination

Unable to ignore altogether the wide demand for more industrial progress, the Commerce Minister promised a number of Committees: A Central Advisory Committee on sugar; an inter-departmental committee to plan the readjustment of industries and industrial labour to meet conditions which must come with the restoration of peace; a small committee to investigate gaps in the industrial fabric and report to Government from month to month; and machinery to examine during the period of protection whether the progress of the protected industry was in accordance with the Tariff Board's recommendations and whether any revision of the quantum of protection, either in the upward or the downward direction, was necessary. None would object to committees if they were meant to start active work and show some tangible results immediately. But it appears that, though we have just at present excellent opportunities for rapid industrial progress, the Commerce Minister contemplates schemes of work mostly in the future after the war.

Chemical Technology

The Governor of Bombay laid the foundation-stone of the new buildings for the Department of Chemical Technology of the Bombay University at Matunga on Monday. This is an event of great importance inasmuch as it will henceforth give chemical technology a scope which it has hitherto been denied. This department of science, which was started as a mere venture of the University, has now blossomed into a full-fledged department, taking a rightful share in the educational and industrial life of the province. As the Governor explained

No Resolution On Deadlock

Princes Demand Association In Defence And War Industries

The Princes' Chamber concluded its session on Tuesday, after passing a resolution congratulating the Allied forces on their brilliant victories.

The Princes in their reply to the Viceroy's address stated that they had decided not to pass any formal resolution on the political situation in India "to avoid raising any big controversial matters during the present crisis," and at the same time emphatically urged the need for "liaison" between the States and the Centre to associate their representatives in the spheres of Defence, Supplies and War industries.

Proceedings In Detail

NEW DELHI, March 18. The Chamber of Princes concluded to-day its session, after passing two resolutions. The first resolution recorded the heartfelt gratification of the Chamber "at the recent brilliant victories of the Imperial and Allied forces in Africa and Albania and at the inspiring stand of England against the brutal Nazi air raids. The Chamber is proud to learn that the Indian troops have played such a magnificent part in these achievements.

The second resolution recommended to the Crown Representa-

ed in the course of his speech: "The two main functions of the Department are to train men for the higher technical posts in industry and, at the same time, to carry out advanced research on the technical problems confronting industry." Mr. R. P. Masani, the Vice-Chancellor of the University, said that the work accomplished by the Department during the last six years had exceeded the highest expectations and the graduates of the Department had been readily absorbed in industry and were occupying responsible positions from one end of the country to the other. This is a result on which the University may well congratulate itself. As Mr. Masani said, never before was the need for industrial research and the utilization of such research for the industrialization of the country more keenly felt than it was to-day and we trust his appeal to public-spirited citizens, particularly industrial magnates and commercial houses, to extend their support to the University in its efforts to assist materially the industrial development of the country will evoke prompt and generous response.

tive that "in order to further enhance the value of the war effort of the States and of India as a whole, necessary action may be taken with the least possible delay, with a view to associate the representatives of the States with the war activities at the Centre, through reviving the proposal for the establishment of the War Advisory Council with representatives of the States and of the Provincial Governments or through some other suitable alternative to be evolved in consultation with the States."

PRINCES SUPPORT WAR EFFORTS

The Chancellor, Jam Sahib, moving the war resolution said that the inspiring stand of England against the brutal Nazi air raids and the brilliant victories of the Imperial and Allied troops in Africa and Albania in which the Indian troops have played such a magnificent part had caused widespread gratification and he felt that we were entitled to share these rejoicings with the rest of the Empire.

The ruler of Patiala who seconded the resolution said that the courage of the British people was the living monument of the glory of Great Britain. He said that the danger to India was clearly realised, and people felt that it was their war. "We must therefore do our utmost to assist His Majesty's Government to win the war."

The Nawab of Bahawalpur said that it was a matter of gratification that Indian troops had made so great a contribution, as a result of which their homes were made secure to-day.

LIAISON WITH CENTRE

The Chamber next considered the resolution relating to the demand of the Princes for closer

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

NEW YORK, March 17. "We are in the conflict now, irretrievably involved in it," is the comment of Mr. W. R. Hearst, newspaper magnate, on President Roosevelt's speech in to-day's New York Journal, "American."

Mr. Hearst describes the speech as "good", adding, "The United States has been brought into the war by a masterly series of good speeches . . ."

—Reuter.

Anglo-Indian description of the Princes' meeting at Delhi: " . . . this 'unique assembly' as the Viceroy described it, provided colourful scenes which no other gathering of Rulers or legislators equals in a dignified setting."

Hurray for democracy! By the way, we hope the colourless and undignified gatherings at the Capitol in Washington and St. Stephens in London would follow the example of India's Princely Order and provide colourful scenes in a dignified setting.

"For visitors", says the same report, "the session of the Narendra Mandal is always a great event of the season."

It is, it is, although it is unfortunate that the States' subjects are always unable to participate in the great event of the season owing to—or pre-occupations elsewhere.

Coming from golden turbans to brass tacks, the Viceroy, we note, appealed to their Highnesses to make some sacrifices involving "some surrender, or as I should prefer to say, some pooling, of cherished sovereignty" for, "the need for such sacrifices is a stark reality."

This call for "sacrifices"—which the representative in India of British democracy equates with the "surrender" of some democratic rights to the common people—must surely inspire their gallant Highnesses, who have drawn their swords to defend Democracy. But it is "sacrifice"!

After His Excellency had duly spoken and been cheered, etc., their Highnesses settled down to pass a number of resolutions unanimously.

Some of these do not need any comment, others had better go without comment.

Monday's Italian High Command Communiqué reports that fighting in the Keren sector "has flared up again very violently."

Isn't this how the Italian High Command predicted the fall of Bardia and Tobruk?

Athens claims that the Italian Army shows distinct signs of exhaustion after the failure of the seven-day offensive.

Yes, yes, but where is Il Duce?

According to Reuters, Herr Hitler, whatever his difficulties with Yugo-Slavia, must rush quickly to save Signor Mussolini from disaster in Albania.

Reports of a renewed offensive would, however, appear to suggest that Il Duce has asked for himself and his army another chance—after which there will be nothing left for Herr Hitler to save.

GANDHI MAHARAJ

(BY RABINDRANATH TAGORE) SANTINIKETAN (By Mail)

The following is the text of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore's poem called "Gandhi Maharaj" published in the March issue of the *Vishva Bharati Quarterly*, as his respectful homage to Mahatma Gandhi:

We who follow Gandhi Maharaj's lead
Have one thing in common among us;

We never fill our purses with spoils from the poor
Nor bend our knees to the rich.

When they come bullying to us
With raised fist and menacing stick.

We smile to them, and say,
Your reddening stare

May startle babies out of sleep
But how frighten those who refuse to fear?

Our speeches are straight and simple,
No diplomatic turns to twist their meaning;

Confounding Penal Code,
They guide with perfect ease the victims

To the border of jail,
And when these crowd the path of the prison gate

Their stains of insult are washed clean,
Their age-long shackles drop to the dust.

And on their forehead are stamped
Gandhi's Message—United Front

RAILWAYS

Must Pay According To Capacity

GOVT. OF INDIA'S DECISION ON DEARNESS ALLOWANCE FOR EMPLOYEES OF STATE-OWNED CONCERNS

NEW DELHI, March 18.

Dearness allowances ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 for employees of State-owned railways getting Rs. 60 and below per month are announced in a Government of India resolution published in a Gazette Extraordinary.

Court Of Inquiry Report

The resolution says:—The Government of India have reconsidered the question of granting a war allowance to railway servants employed under them in the light of the report presented by the Court of Enquiry, which considered the matter on the G.I.P. Railway.

They desire to record their appreciation of the careful and impartial consideration which Mr. Justice Rau and his colleagues devoted to their task and have used the report as a basis for further consideration of the question. At the same time they have found themselves obliged for the reasons, which follow to vary the conclusions reached.

LEVELS OF WAGES

In addition the Government of India found themselves unable to accept in its entirety the arguments leading to the Court's conclusions. In particular they could not concur in the view that the levels of wages selected by the Court constitute "an efficiency or subsistence level" representing the minimum necessary to maintain health and working capacity, or in the corrections made by the Court in the Bombay cost-of-living-index figure. On the other hand there have been since the Court's report changes in the cost of living, which have had to be taken into consideration. In the light of these considerations the Government of India felt that instead of attempting to base war allowance solely on an economic analysis, it would be better to proceed by negotiation; and the Railway Board was authorized to conduct discussions with the All India Railwaymen's Federation.

FEDERATION'S VIEWS

The Federation, while not concurring in the views held by the Government of India regarding the arguments in the report, felt that in the urban areas particularly, the maximum pay for workers receiving an allowance should be fixed at higher levels than those selected by the Court. Eventually it was agreed that an allowance might be given on the following scales:—

Bombay and Calcutta (including Suburbs) Rs. 3 to those on Rs. 60 and below.

Selected industrial areas, i.e. towns of over 100,000 inhabitants according to the 1931 Census Rs. 2-8 to those on Rs. 50 and below. Other areas Rs. 2 to those on Rs. 30 and below.

GOVERNMENT V. RAILWAYS

This scale does not correspond with that approved by the Government of India for Provincial Government servants generally. But the Government of India felt that if the Railways' capacity to pay must be taken into account the effect of this factor could not be one-sided. In the past the financial situation of the Railways has necessitated reductions in pay and allowances and at the present time it is reasonable that the railways like other large industrial organizations should enable their employees to benefit from the prosperity they at present enjoy.

Following a recommendation made by the Court, payments will be made equivalent to those, which would be due if the allowances had been in force from October 1940, i.e., if they had been applied to the pay for September, 1940, and subsequent months.—A.P.

CROWN OF VICTORY FOR U. S. & BRITAIN

(Continued from page 1) and the United States will share together the solemn but splendid duties which are the crown of victory.

"WE MEAN BUSINESS"

The assurance that "the American people mean business" was given by Mr. Averell Harriman, President Roosevelt's personal representative in defining to the British press. The aim of his mission "to assist in supplying material aid to the British Empire".

"I shall deal in an advisory capacity in the whole range of American supplies from shipping aeroplanes to foodstuffs and general supplies. I shall be in England for the duration of the war. As regards foodstuffs I am satisfied that America would be glad to make sacrifices in their own diet to give Britain the kind of food she needed if necessary. America has a staggering productive capacity, which in the case of steel is 85 million tons this year, and this could be increased substantially next year. "The American nation is unanimously behind the administration in its aid policy".

Mr. Harriman indicated that supplies for Greece and China would probably be arranged in Washington.

Heavy Attack On Bremen And Wilhelmshaven

LONDON, March 18. Last night R. A. F. bombers attacked objectives in north-west Germany.

Bremen and Wilhelmshaven were the subject of fairly heavy attack by British aircraft on Monday night it is officially announced.

FALL OF KEREN IMMINENT

Heavy Italian Losses All Over Africa

LONDON, March 18.

Keren which will decide the fate of Italian Eritrea and perhaps the whole of Italian Africa now appears to be in an increasingly desperate position, according to reports from British and Italian sources in the last 24 hours.

Dispatches from Khartoum, British Communiques from Cairo and Nairobi and Italian Communiques from Rome tell the story of heavy Italian losses in embittered counter-attacks against the beleaguering British Imperial army.

A British Army Communique from Cairo to-day also reports that pressure by imperial and patriot forces in Abyssinia is being maintained successfully over a wide area against retreating Italians, while British troops are extending the area of occupation in British Somaliland.

ENEMY'S SUPERIOR NUMBERS

From the north, British and French troops are pushing across the wilderness of ridges towards the road leading from Keren. Several heights still held by Italians still separate them from the road which is ideal for defence. The British have to assault positions which the Italians have had a month to prepare and they are faced with greatly superior numbers estimated at 30,000. The battle of Keren is, therefore, expected to last for several days.—Reuter.

ITALIANS IN ETHIOPIA TO SURRENDER?

End Of Campaign Early In April?

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, MARCH 18.

WELL-INFORMED CIRCLES HERE BELIEVE THAT THE ITALIANS IN ABYSSINIA MAY SOON SURRENDER. THE BRITISH FORCES LAUNCHED A FINAL ABYSSINIAN OFFENSIVE, IN THIS CONNECTION, A CHART DISPATCH SUGGESTS THAT EARLY NEXT MONTH THE CAMPAIGN WILL END.

IT IS REVEALED IN LONDON THAT THE BELGIANS HAVE NOW JOINED THE FORCES OF INDIANS, SOUTH AFRICANS, FREE FRENCHMEN AND BRITISH FIGHTING ALONG WITH THE PATRIOT ARMIES. IT IS SAID THAT THE SPEED OF BRITISH ADVANCE IS LARGELY DUE TO THE USE OF "LAND CRUISERS". THE R.A.F. IS ALSO PLAYING AN IMPORTANT PART.

HEAVY CASUALTIES

Over 1,000 Killed & 1,300 Seriously Injured

LONDON, March 18.

Five hundred were killed and 500 seriously injured by German air raids on Merseyside on two nights, March 12 and 13.

The combined casualties in the Clyde area on 13 and 14 were approximately 500 killed and 800 seriously injured.

Two German bombers were intercepted and shot down into the sea off the coast of Britain to-day. Two British fighters returning with their ammunition exhausted were attacked by a number of enemy fighters and shot down, but both the pilots are safe.

An Air Ministry Communique adds that there has been little air activity by small enemy forces round the coasts of Britain during the day and a few aircraft penetrated inland but no bombs are reported to have been dropped.

LONDON FREE FROM AIR RAIDS

LONDON, March 18.

London was free from air raids last night and apart from slight enemy activity over some widely separated areas near the east coast of England and Scotland, the rest of Britain experienced a quiet night.

It is officially stated that a few bombs were dropped but they did little damage and no casualties have been reported.

There was little air activity over Britain on Monday and London had no alert up to a late hour. Enemy planes were over the northeast and east Anglian coasts, but there are no reports of bombs having been dropped.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Raid On Tripoli

CAIRO, March 18.

A heavy attack was made by the R.A.F. on Tripoli harbour on Sunday night. The mole, ships and quays were bombed and large fires were started in hangars and military stores and explosions were seen at a railway depot and near the wireless station.

The R.A.F. Communique announcing this also states that the R.A.F. continued their activity in the Keren area.—Reuter.

Pyarelal To Be Tried To-day

Raid On Andhra And Meerut Congress Offices

WARDHA, March 18.

The trial of Mr. Pyarelal, Mahatma Gandhi's Secretary, commences at 11 to-morrow morning.—A.P.

Pyarelal Arrested

NAGPUR, March 18.

Mr. Pyarelal, Gandhi's Secretary, was arrested this morning for offering Satyagraha for the second time near the railway crossing—the same place where he had offered Satyagraha in December last. The trial will be held to-morrow.—United Press.

Andhra P. C. C. Office Searched

MADRAS, March 18.

On the strength of a warrant issued by the Police Commissioner, the police searched the office of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee this noon and took away two type-writers, one cyclostyle machine, Pandit Nehru's Statement in a Court, the Provincial Congress Committee's latest circular to the District Congress Committees and some letters bearing the signature of Mr. Venkat Rao, the Secretary.—United Press.

PRESIDENT OF KANDIVLI CONGRESS CONVICTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Satyagraha campaign of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee was resumed on Monday after a brief respite of three days. Mr. Ratilal T. Parekh, President of the Kandivli Congress Committee was arrested at Kandivli while shouting anti-war slogans on Monday morning. He was sentenced by the First Class Magistrate, Thana, to four months' simple imprisonment. Mrs. Maniben Parekh who offered Satyagraha at Ghatkoper on Tuesday morning was also arrested and taken to Kurla for trial.

Vile Parle Congress Worker Sentenced

Mr. Sadasiv Dinker Bhilde, Treasurer of the Vile Parle Congress Committee offered Satyagraha at Andheri on Tuesday afternoon by shouting anti-war slogans. He was arrested and placed before the First Class Magistrate, Andheri who sentenced him to 4 months' simple imprisonment.

Mr. Sadasiv Ganesh Joshi, a Congress worker from Bandra proposes to offer Satyagraha at Bandra at 8-40 a. m. on Wednesday.

Kanji Kerson Ordered To Be Released

Mr. Kanji Govind Kerson, who was detained under the Defence of India Rules on January 6 as he had announced his intention of offering Satyagraha on January 7, has been under treatment for heart disease in the Civil Hospital, Nasik, since Mar 15. As his condition is now reported to be serious, the Government of Bombay has ordered his release.

Maniben Parekh Arrested

(From A Correspondent)

CHARTKOPAR, March 18. Smt. Maniben Parekh (aged 56) offered Satyagraha for the second time and was arrested.

In Suburbs:

Ranadive Gets 6 Months' R. I.

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 17. Mr. C. T. Ranadive, prominent Congress worker who was arrested last Saturday for offering Satyagraha at the Gamdevi Maidan was tried today in jail by the City Magistrate, Thana for an offence under Rule 38 (1) 5 of Defence of India Rules. Mr. Ranadive pleading guilty to the charge was convicted and sentenced by the City Magistrate to suffer six months' S.I. and was recommended to be treated as a "B" Class prisoner.

Six Months' S. I. For Patwardhan

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 17. Mr. Rambhau Patwardhan, the popular and aged Congressman of Kalyan and a leading worker for the Harijan uplift, was arrested last Saturday for offering "Satyagraha" at Dombivli was tried today by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana for an offence under Rule 38 (1) 5 of Defence of India Rules. Mr. Patwardhan pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced by the Magistrate to suffer six months' S.I. He is given "C" Class.

Six Months' S. I. For Naik

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 18.

Dadaji Bhagwan Naik, a Congress worker of Satpati Taluka Palghar, was arrested last Saturday for offering Satyagraha at Kharekurwan, was tried today by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana for an offence under Rule 38 (1) 5 of Defence of India Rules. Mr. Naik, who pleaded guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced by the Magistrate to suffer six months' S.I. and was given "C" Class.

In Gujarat:

Ahmedabad Arrests

ALLAHABAD, March 18.

Messrs. Kamala Prasad Mohele, Pitambar Lal and Ram Narain, members of the Allahabad City Congress Committee and Mr. Jagannath Prasad Gaur, Honorary Magistrate have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules for giving notices of their intention to offer Satyagraha to the District Magistrate.—A. P.

In U. P.:

Allahabad Arrests

ALLAHABAD, March 18.

Messrs. Kamala Prasad Mohele, Pitambar Lal and Ram Narain, members of the Allahabad City Congress Committee and Mr. Jagannath Prasad Gaur, Honorary Magistrate have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules for giving notices of their intention to offer Satyagraha to the District Magistrate.—A. P.

In Tamil Nad:

MADRAS, March 18.

Mr. M. P. Radha, a Congress worker and his wife Srimati Devaki and two others were arrested this morning for shouting anti-war slogans in the city.

Produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Radha pleaded not guilty and the case against him was adjourned till tomorrow. The others were convicted and sentenced to 15 days' R.I. each.—A. P.

SIR C. V. RAMAN'S SON ARRESTED

COIMBATORE, March 17.

MR. CHANDRASEKHARAN, (SON OF SIR C. V. RAMAN) HAS BEEN ARRESTED BY THE POLICE UNDER THE DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES FOR ALLEGED COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

HE IS KEPT IN REMAND IN THE COIMBATORE CENTRAL JAIL.—A. P.

Satyagraha To Be Suspended In Madras

MADRAS, March 18.

The Secretary of the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee has received a reply to this telegram from Rajkumari Amrit Kaur to the effect that Mahatma Gandhi favours the suspension of satyagraha in Madras town and other areas in Madras where order under Section 144 prevails.—A. P.

Badges For Approved Satyagrahis

PATNA, March 18.

Congressmen who have been permitted to offer Satyagraha will, it is understood, henceforward be provided with a badge by the Provincial Congress Committee. This is being done, it is suggested, to enable people in rural areas to distinguish approved Satyagrahis from the unapproved ones.—A. P.

Arrested For Slogans In Court

CALCUTTA, March 18.

For shouting slogans in the Court room of the Police Magistrate at Sealdah this afternoon, three persons have been taken into custody.

Forty-two persons have so far been arrested for committing similar offences in different Magisterial Courts of the City since the beginning of the month.—A. P.

Kisan Worker Jailed

LUCKNOW, March 17.

Swami Bhagwan, Acting General Secretary, U. P. Kisan Sangh and Secretary of the U. P. Congress Socialist Party, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Congress Office And Press Searched

MEERUT, March 18.

The Police searched the office of the City Congress Committee and the Premi Printing Press in connection with publication of unauthorized news sheets to-day and took into custody the proprietor of the Press. They also seized some papers from the Press.

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CLEANSSES - COOLS - REFRESHES - INVIGORATES

proprietor of the Premi Press was produced before the City Magistrate and released on bail. Mr. Jagdish Prasad Saxena was arrested under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha and taken to Meerut Jail.—A. P.

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Apply Cuticura Ointment to skin eruptions. Its soothing, medicinal and antiseptic action works wonders. At the very first touch you feel its marvellous soothing effects.
SOOTHES & HEALS

HEADACHE?
stop it in 10 minutes with **Saridon**

Ceylon Cabinet & Governor At Loggerheads

HITCH OVER MESSAGE TO STATE COUNCIL

MINISTERS ON THEIR "RIGHT TO EXPECT HIS EXCELLENCY TO HAVE CONSULTED THEM"

COLOMBO, March 18.
The Ceylon Ministers' protest against the Governor's Message to the State Council of February 11 and His Excellency's reply thereto have been published as a sessional paper.

The Ministers lodge "an emphatic protest against the non-observance" by His Excellency of the Royal Instructions requiring the Governor to consult with the Ministers.

The Ministers state they had a right to expect His Excellency to have consulted them regarding the proposed message to the State Council to enable them to place before him their views.

Strong Disapproval

Recording strong disapproval of the occasion chosen by the Governor for sending the message, the Ministers say that the message was sent on the same day as the publication of the papers relating to the Indo-Ceylon talks and neither the State Council nor the public had an opportunity of studying those papers and, therefore, the Governor's message could not fall gravely to prejudice the Ministers' efforts to deal with the Indian problem.

The Ministers regard the Governor's message as, on the one hand, a warning to them not to make any attempt to deal with the Indian problem and on the other, as an assurance to the Government of India that no such attempt would be permitted without the Government of India's prior approval.

Schedule Of Undertakings

Referring to the Schedule of Undertakings given to the Government of India contained in the Governor's message, the Ministers state that there is only one which can in any sense be considered an undertaking—that which refers to free repatriation in cases of sickness. No question had ever arisen regarding their obligations in this matter. All other statements contained in the Schedule, the Ministers contend, are mere information conveyed to the Government of India.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

The Bombay Combined Women War Workers, otherwise known as the B.S.W.'s have got up for this week-end a carnival at the Coopers from 5 in the evening to 2 at night. The object is to provide the Army, Navy and the Mercantile Marine with the comforts "so necessary to the men fighting to win back the world to peace and happiness." The words are not mine nor the ideology. I am always glad to give publicity to anything like this which can be called "a good cause".

One of the items of their programme is a play "Husbands Supplied." Well-so long it's just foolin'—like, we don't mind! We don't want any wall-flowers to be unduly encouraged.

Here is an idea for the Indian Film world, which someone may exploit. Every year in England before the war there used to be the Annual Theatrical Garden Party at which all the actors and actresses of the London stage appeared in person and ran little stalls to collect money. Our Indian Film Stars and Starlets could use this idea to great effect and hold a similar party for charity on some spacious grounds like that of Brabourne Stadium. It would be a successful affair if someone knew how to run it and certainly it would mean tremendous publicity for the Indian film artists.

the Ceylon Government in regard to all classes of immigrants on the replies of which depended her approval of such emigration.

PURPOSE OF EMIGRATION ACT.

To maintain that the replies were statements of contemporaneous circumstance and not undertakings to conditions which emigrants would enjoy here, is to stultify both the question and the answer and to ignore the purpose of the Indian Emigration Act itself. It follows from the preceding paragraph that it is impossible for one to entertain the view advanced by you that if Indians who have been allowed to emigrate here on the strength of past statements were deprived by Ceylon of the enjoyment of conditions described in those statements, India would be at liberty merely to ban future emigration. You have asked that a copy of your statement of views should be forwarded to the Secretary of State for Colonies. This I am doing and am sending also a copy of this reply. The juxtaposition of the two will indicate clearly to him the differences that have unhappily arisen between us.—A. P.

VEVATIOUS BILLS

Ceylon Indian Congress' Protest

Emphatically protesting against the proposed bills for registration of non-Ceylonese and control of immigration the Ceylon Indian Congress in the course of a resolution considers that these bills are absolutely unnecessary and vexatious contrary to the express and implied agreements and understandings between the Government of India and Government of Ceylon and gravely prejudicial to the rights, interests and honour of Indians.—A. P.

No Cold Storage Methods

LUCKNOW, March 15.
Commenting on the Bombay Leaders' Conference the "Pioneer" says: "What is needed is not yet another ill-defined form of words, but the substance of self-Government round which Indian patriots can rally followers to save their country from everlasting talk, interminable dissension and perhaps open conflict." The scheme formulated at Bombay, while it did not envisage revolutionary changes benefited the country as a whole. At the moment, it may not appeal to intransigent elements, but once it is accepted by the British Government the extremists will soon forget their slogans and become ardent co-operators. The one thing that will be fatal is to keep the scheme in cold storage.

Wamanrao Joshi's Diamond Jubilee

AMRAOTI, March 18.
Dr. Rajendra Prasad arrived in Amraoti from Wardha this afternoon to preside over the Diamond Jubilee celebration of Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, Vice-President of the Vidarbha Provincial Congress Committee, and was received at the station by Congress leaders. Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Joshi were taken in a procession in a chariot drawn by sixty horses. Earlier, a flag salutation ceremony was performed and mass spinning took place. Numerous messages have been received in connection with the Jubilee celebrations, including those from Mahatma Gandhi, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. and other Congress leaders. A public meeting will be held here to-night.—United Press.

Dr. Naidu Sees Madras Governor

MADRAS, March 18.
Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary, All-India Hindu Mahasabha, had a long interview with H. E. the Governor of Madras at Government House, Guindy this afternoon.—A. P.

NO RESOLUTION ON DEADLOCK

(Continued from Page 6.)
association with the centre in the war effort.

The Jam Sahib moving the resolution said that the exigencies of the situation demanded that the liaison of the States with the war effort at the centre, particularly in the spheres of defence, supplies and industries, might be ensured on a regular basis, and not through 'ad hoc' committees set up for specific purposes. "It would further be appreciated, and I state this fact without implying any slur on the personal element involved, that the Government of India as at present constituted can only speak for British India. As such, while British India may be said to have a liaison with the war activities at the Centre through the Government of India, the States are out of the picture. We request that in the best interests of British India, the States and the Empire, such a state of affairs should not be allowed to continue any longer."

The Chamber of Princes heard a statement from 'its' Chancellor on the work performed by the Chamber during the last year. In the course of his statement the Chancellor referred to the administrative reforms and "beneficial activities in the States" and said that the States with 87.4 per cent of the total population of the states who were members of the Chamber of Princes had got local bodies in their territories. States with 67.9 per cent of population had got legislative assemblies, out of which 35.3 per cent have a majority of elected members and 3.9 per cent had equality of elected and nominated members of the assemblies.

The aforesaid statement of facts would show to all fair-minded persons that the Indian states are not anachronisms in the conception of a progressive state and that our administrations are based on a rule of law associated with growing beneficial activities."

STATES PROBLEMS

Referring to the other activities of the Chamber, the Jam Sahib said that the difficulties arising out of the Indian Income Tax (Amendment) Act, so far as it affected the states were under negotiations with the Government of India. The Standing Committee had taken up the question of maintaining the status quo with regard to the existing rights of states in such properties as had already been acquired in British India.

The Chancellor next referred to the question of the eligibility of Indian states subjects for service in British India and said negotiations were in progress to secure a general declaration of eligible for states subjects for appointments under the Central Government and the Secretary of State. He added that the question of amending the Reserve Bank of India Act at a suitable occasion in future was under consideration to secure eligibility of Rulers of Indian States to hold share in the bank.

Princes' Reply To Viceroy

The Princes in their reply to the Viceroy's inaugural address said that they were not averse to the ordered progress of India. On the other hand, the Princes are publicly associated with the desire to secure for India the fullest freedom and the highest status under the aegis of the British Crown. We wish, however, to avoid raising any big controversial matters during the present crisis and to concentrate all energies on the main purpose of the successful prosecution of the war.

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORMS

We have accordingly decided not to pass any formal resolution this year on political situation in India, so far as it affects the states. At the same time, we wholeheartedly welcome the declaration made by Your Excellency in August and its elucidation in the House of Commons by the Secretary of State for India, which leave it to a body representative of the principal elements in India's national life; including the Indian States, to devise the frame-work of the new

INDIAN STATES' FORCES

Rulers And Representatives In Conference

NEW DELHI, March 18.
A Military Conference of the Rulers and Representatives of States maintaining Indian States Forces was held to-day in the Committee Room of the Chamber of Princes.

His Highness the Maharaja Jam Sahib of Nawanagar, Chancellor, Chamber of Princes, presided in the beginning and later as His Highness the Chancellor had to unavoidably leave the meeting, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Patiala presided over the Conference to discuss certain matters relating to the Indian States Forces with a view to enhance the value of their co-operation during the war. Unanimous decision was reached which will be taken up by His Highness the Chancellor with the authorities concerned.

Those who attended were: His Highness the Maharaja Jam Sahib of Nawanagar, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Faridkot, His Highness the Raja Sahib of Mandi, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Nabha, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Patiala, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Tehri-Garhwal and twenty-six other Representatives of States.—A. P.

Indian Merchants And E. P. Tax Amending Bill

CALCUTTA, March 17.

The view that sufficient time should be given to the public to express their considered opinion regarding the Excess Profits Tax Amendment Bill before its consideration by a Select Committee or the Assembly is expressed by the Committee of the Indian Chambers of Commerce, Calcutta, in a telegram sent to the Government of India.—A. P.'s Special.

constitution on the basis of a free and friendly agreement, subject to the due fulfilment of the Treaty and other solemn obligations resting on His Majesty's Government. When the time comes, the Indian Princes shall not be found wanting in any reasonable contribution, which they may be called upon to make for the discharge of their obligations to the Crown and towards the ordered progress of the states and their motherland.

Your Excellency has also referred in your address to the suggestions made by you, in your previous addresses to the Chamber, that it is desirable for the smaller states with limited resources to co-operate and combine in matters of administration, so far as it may be necessary and practicable. This question has been receiving our careful and active consideration from all the view-points involved; and relying on Your Excellency's respect for the traditions of the Indian States and for the pledges given to the states, both big and small, in the successive authoritative pronouncements guaranteeing their internal autonomy and integrity, we take it as understood that Your Excellency's suggestions are intended to encourage co-operation, on a voluntary basis having regard to local conditions, in certain services of administration without impairing the integrity and sovereignty of the states concerned. In order to encourage co-operative grouping on the aforesaid lines, we regard it essential that the proposed combination should proceed on the free consent and the voluntary co-operation of the rulers themselves.

At the same time, there should be no fetter for any rigidity of pattern in a matter of such importance. The pre-occupations of the states with war work performance have resulted in some of these problems not receiving the attention which they would have received in normal peace time. Moreover, it will be recognised by all fair-minded persons that in the sphere of reform, prudence and foresight often enjoin, even on the most ardent reformer, the duty of paying due regard to local conditions and resources."

The Chamber of Princes adjourned 'sine die'.



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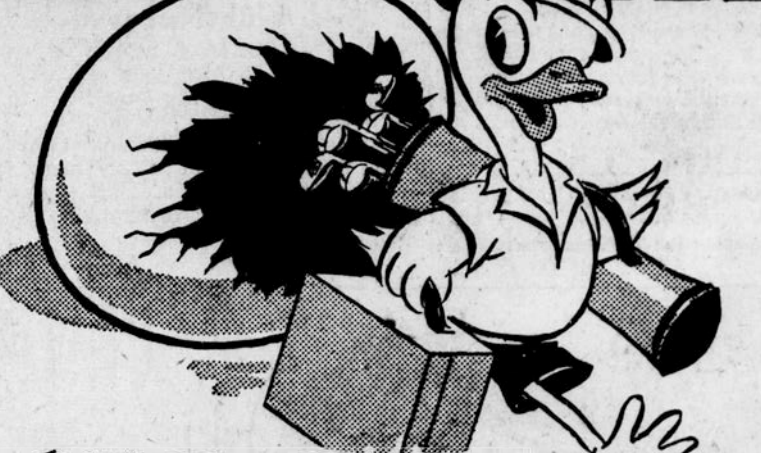


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B B & C I

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Got a Hunk of Love Out of His System via the Book Route

By BUD FISHER



Hockey:

B.E.S.T. Out Of Aga Khan Tournament

The B.E.S.T. Sports Club, who led at one phase by four goals to one, and then let St. Xavier's College "B" draw level, when they first met in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, went a further step down on Tuesday, when the College second string beat them decisively in the replay by the odd goal in three.

The Y.M.C.A. Bombay are flattered by the two goal defeat they sustained at the hands of "The Times of India" Sports Club in the second round of the tournament on Tuesday. The Pressmen were superior in all departments and might have been done better. Most people felt that K. Lynn did wrong in forsaking his usual half-back position. He is certainly not a forward and off up the smooth work of the line of attack.

B.E.S.T. GO DOWN.
The first fifteen minutes went in favour of the B.E.S.T. but no real scoring chance came their way. In the



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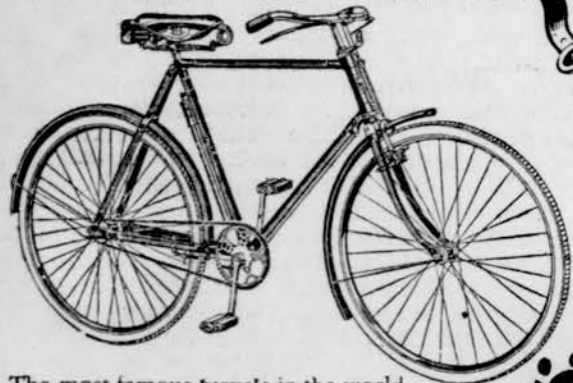


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tapped sticks only twice. The College crossed with a goal to the good. In the second half the B.E.S.T. played a tame game, as if the issue was of no consequence. The Xaverians were on top throughout and were full value for another two goals. The second half was scoreless.

The Teams were:
St. Xavier's "B": Orlando, F. D'Souza and A. Crowe, E. Carlos, E. Bonnice and G. Fernandes; B. D'Souza, E. Nazareth, O. Fernandes, B. D'Mello and E. D'Sa.

B.E.S.T.: V. Pereira, S. Oliveira and L. Fonseca; J. Elsha, R. Elliot and J. Vaz; E. Fernandes, B. Gardner, L. Trimizer, C. D'Souza and R. Parea.

LYNN'S POOR DISPLAY.
"The Times of India" got going well, but the good work of the forward line was being definitely ruined by K. Lynn, who had for this match made himself inside right. The same player might have put the Pressmen ahead had he not hit air instead of the ball, when a correctly taken corner he presented him with an opportunity to score. "The Times" continued to call the tune and the Y.M.C.A. were rarely seen in their opponent's area. In the eighth minute Mendes, the outside-right, was very guilty, a positive header was pushed wide from close quarters. "The Times" kept near the Y.M.C.A. goal. But for Sequeira, who shot that looked positive point-getter, the Pressmen would have gone ahead. The only chance the Y.M.C.A. had in the first half was wasted by Biawas, their outside-right. With the opposite goal at his mercy he hit wide.

After two more brilliant saves, Sequeira the Y.M.C.A. goalkeeper, was beaten. A Mendes got past him a hot shot. Sequeira might have saved this as well but was misguided by Wilson. Early in the second half Correa, almost got No. 2. He was deprived of the ball by Wilson a foot out before he could shoot. Correa, however, got a goal two minutes later, when he scored from a good pass from E. de Souza. For the rest of the game "The Times" had things to a degree their own way, but the Y.M.C.A. were fighting gallantly, and this was mainly responsible for no tally being recorded in the later period.

The Teams were:
"TIMES OF INDIA": Brown; R. D'Souza and Eason; R. Fernandes, Grostrate and Mendes; Mendes, Lynn, E. D'Souza, Correa and Dias.
Y.M.C.A.: Sequeira, Wilson and Almeida; Mansfield, O'Connor and Nunn; Biawas, Swais, Jenkins, Shanmugan and Narayan Rao.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.
Bombay Gymkhana Ground—5.30 p.m. Khatau Sports Club vs. Bombay Gymkhana.

LEWIS CUP FINAL.
Hockey enthusiasts are reminded that the replay of the Lewis Cup Final, between the Lusitanian Sports Club and the Bombay City Police, will be played this evening on the grounds of the College Gymkhana Ground, Parel, at 5.15 p.m.

The first meeting of the two teams was a thrilling encounter and need not be mentioned that both Club and Police were determined to annex the Lewis Cup, so a great hockey contest is warranted.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, the Commissioner of Police, will preside and present the trophies.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY.
The following Clubs have entered the Hays Women's Hockey Tournament which is run at Parel under the auspices of the Parel Sporting Club: Bombay City Women's Club "A" and "B". Vincent Club "A" and "B". Procter Ladies "A" and "B". Bombay Greys "A" and "B". Christ Church and Barnes ex-Students.

The draw will take place to-day. The tournament commences on Friday, March 20.

VIGAS INTER-SCHOOL HOCKEY.
To-day at 4.15 p.m. on the grounds of the College Gymkhana Ground, Parel, St. Mary's High School "A" will meet St. Stanislaus High School "B" in the Vigas Inter-School Hockey Tournament. This game will be before the Lewis Cup Final.

Cricket:
Loco Beat Audit In
B. B. & C. I. Tourney

The Loco beat the Audit in the second round of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, Inter-Departmental Cricket Tournament, for the Brashay Shield, by four wickets.

Some good performances with the bat were recorded. S. S. Gore put up 83 (not out) for the Audit. The best effort for the Loco came from J. Khot. He collected 70 runs and remained unbeaten. Khot also captured two wickets for 27.

The scores:
Audit Sports Club, Hatimbhoy c Khot b Ramchandra 10, C. M. Rana c Telang b Pandurang 25, N. M. Amre c Murza b Pandurang 15, Peddar c Kohisagar b Ramchandra 9, Rana Murthi st Kohisagar b Telang 6, J. Khot c Khot b Pandurang 8, S. S. Gore (not out) 85, V. Alexander c Khot b Telang 6, J. Havewalla c Murzalio b Ramchandra 3, A. Almeida b Khot 37, D. C. Veinava b Telang 6, Extras 13. Total 195.

Bombing—J. Khot 2 for 27; Ramchandra 3 for 58; Telang 3 for 60; Pandurang 2 for 37.

Loco Sports Club.
Sivasagar b Almeida 22, Damodar c Ambre b Havewalla 7, Pandurang st, Peddar b Rana 14, M. D. Telang run out 29, J. Khot (not out) 70, Ramchandra b Almeida 16, E. Kenny b Hatimbhoy 24, Murzalio (not out) 12, Mulay, Vajidur and Rodrigues did not bat. Extras 10. Total (for 6 wks.) 240.

Bombing—J. Havewalla 1 for 23; A. Almeida 2 for 55; C. M. Rana 1 for 57; Hatimbhoy 1 for 58.

Matunga Badminton
The Dadar Badminton Tournament sponsored by the Welfare Club, went a step further, when seven more matches were decided.

The following were the results:
Men's singles: S. S. Dhirge beat D. G. Hemad 15-7, 15-3.
Men's Doubles: G. K. Kerkatti and R. B. Belthangdi beat N. N. Deshpande and S. B. Deshpande 15-1, 15-3.
R. P. Menon and C. B. Kallappa beat Gladstone S. Pereira and S. V. 12-15, 12-15.
T. Abreu and P. Moro w.o. A. D'Souza and Posaivay. E. V. Lawrence and partner beat R. K. Lanyay and partner 15-12, 15-8.
Khare and Gokhale w.o. G. D. Narkani and Gupta.

Women's Singles: Miss Gool Chiny w.o. Miss A. Desai.



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AMRITDHARA SOAP.—It is a good toilet soap for everyday use. Also it is antiseptic and it is even a remedy for skin-diseases like pimples, ulcers, itch, ringworm, eczema, etc. Price As. 14 per box.

AMRITDHARA OINTMENT.—This is a preparation, as its name denotes for ulcers, boils, wounds, sores, eczema and other affections of the skin.

It has wonderful clearing and healing properties. It succeeds where the wound refuses to heal.

Its use is a safeguard against any sepsis or infection. Price Rs. 1 per tin.

AMRITDHARA BALM.—This Balm is meant for external use only for external pains and inflammations in joints, muscles, bones, nerves, lungs, etc.

It soothes and charms away suffering in no time. Price Re. 1.

AMRITDHARA LOZENGES.—This is something which is liked by all. A delicious and palatable form of administering Amritdhara to children and people who like never to offend their taste.

Babies derive benefits of Amritdhara while they think they are eating sweets. Price As. 4 per 100.

AMRITDHARA PAIN FOE.—It can be massaged like ordinary oils for external pains, as it is not costly at all. It can also be taken internally for internal pains. Those who can't afford to keep Amritdhara can keep this by spending As. 8 for a bottle containing 12 oz. of this medicine. It can last for one year. It would serve like Amritdhara in a good many ailments.

AMRITDHARA CHURAN.—Amitdhara is itself a panacea for all disorders of the stomach. The combination of some other ingredients useful for the stomach, liver, spleen, etc., with Amritdhara, make this powder a unique medicine for ailments of the stomach, spleen, liver, indigestion, sour eructations, foul odour from the mouth, excess of salivation, stomach-ache, flatulence, diarrhoea, dyspepsia, etc. It is an infallible remedy. It should, therefore, be kept in every home. Price for 3½ tolas As. 12.

AMRITDHARA TAIL.—This oil is a panacea for all kinds of boils, ulcers and wounds, new or old, delicate or hard. It is capable of healing deep ulcers, fistula, and wounds with worms, etc. It stops bleeding due to hurt or cut from a brick, stone, dagger, spear, knife, sword or a powerful thorn, nail, etc. It cures and heals children's eczema, wet or dry itch, all kinds of lice, hemorrhoids due to piles or inflammations of the anus. It can also be applied on poisonous stings and bites and can be massaged for all pains. In short, this useful oil can serve manifold purposes in the home and it should therefore be kept in every home. Its price for 1 oz. is only Re. 1. It allays

toothache and is also very useful for Pyorrhoea. If it is used along with Amritdhara Manjan, it would surely cure Pyorrhoea. Its application on wounds is also a safeguard against flies due to the smell of Amritdhara.

AMRITDHARA MANJAN.—It is difficult to find another dentifrice equal to this. Its users will find their teeth and gums safe from all their ailments. The teeth will remain firm up to a very old age. Pyorrhoea or caries will, by God's grace, never attack them. Price per phial is As. 8.

AMRITDHARA TOOTH PASTE.—Those who are not inclined to use powders, this tooth-paste has been prepared for them to be used by a brush. It is not as efficacious as Amritdhara Manjan, but it is definitely much superior to other tooth-pastes, as it contains Amritdhara. Price Rs. 1-4 per tube.

AMRITDHARA ANJAN.—This anjan is quite useful for Granulids, Opacity, Parval (hair inside) Indistinct Vision, Redness, Myopia. Watery eyes, etc. It can be used as a daily bolilyrum and can also be used occasionally whenever there is some trouble in the eyes. Price for 1½ mashes As. 10 only.

AMRITDHARA HAIR OIL.—It is not a mere perfumed hair oil like ordinary hair-oils sold in the Bazar. It is in fact a much superior hair oil. Firstly, it is very beneficial for the brain and removes heat in the head, dryness of the scalp and relieves headache, etc. Secondly, it helps the growth of the hair and makes them longer. It is also a remedy for Dandrui and a safeguard against falling of hair; so much so that it can also cure baldness. This oil can also be applied on the face for pimples, freckles, wrinkles, etc. It beautifies the complexion. Price for 1 oz. As. 10 only.

AMRITDHARA NAK FAIL.—Applied in the nasal passage, it cures nasal piles, ulcers, discharge of pus, chronic colds and catarrh, etc. It is also useful in cases where the nasal bone is causing obstruction in the passage and operation is usually needed. Unless such an obstruction has completely blocked the passage, this oil can give relief. Price for 2 drams As. 10 only.

AMRITDHARA RECHAN VATI.—It acts as a purgative without causing any discomfort and it cleanses the body of phlegmatic and heating impurities. It proves advantageous in cases of Cough, Asthma, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, etc. It is also useful for infantile Pneumonia. Price for 28 pills As. 8.

AMRITDHARA FACE POWDER.—It is a preparation of purely Indian medicines with the combination of Amritdhara and it is to be noted that it is not meant only for creating an artificial effect on the face like ordinary face powders, but it is specially meant for giving to the face natural beauty by clearing the face of all ugly features like dryness, freckles, pimples and lack of smoothness. Price As. 8.

AMRITDHARA TALCUM POWDER.—Talcum powders for children for use after bath are sold in the market under various names. They are also used by grown up

AMRITDHARA

AND ITS

COMPOUNDS

at 3/4th Price

IN THE MONTH OF

MARCH

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

40th ANNIVERSARY

OF

AMRITDHARA

(FULL PRICES ARE QUOTED IN THE ADVT.)

persons. We have prepared this powder with the combination of Amritdhara so that it becomes a superior antiseptic and germicidal powder, worthy to be used even for skin diseases. It would surely prove much more efficacious if it is used in place of ordinary Talcum powders. Price As. 8.

AMRITDHARA BORIC POWDER.—Sprinkle it on any cut or wound and bandage. Sprinkle it on wounds or boils which discharge pus. Use it for all skin diseases. Price As. 4.

AMRITDHARA TONIC.—A special feature of this medicine is that it neither stimulates nor depresses. It has not any very strong or intoxicating effect. It can suit all temperaments. It would create appetite; it would uproot all disorders of the stomach whether due to wind, phlegm or heat or due to 2 or all 3 of these factors of ill-health. Any medicine which gives natural hunger can prove of great benefit to the human body. This tonic would prove a great remedy for the following ailments:—

Nausea, vomiting, bleeding, Diarrhoea or Dysentery, Haemorrhages from the nose, rectum, uterus or urethra; Piles, Fistula enlargement or weakness of the liver, derangement of the spleen, Dropsy, catarrh, cold, cough, Asthma, affections of the throat, passing of phosphates, etc. with urine, Spermatorrhoea, Leucorrhoea of women, unhealthy skin, stiffness of the body, chronic fevers, Pthisis, Tuberculosis, etc. This tonic is capable of enriching and producing all the seven important elements controlling the human body. It increases manly strength and tones up the heart and brain. Price Rs. 2-8-0 only for 2½ tolas.

AMRITDHARA MACHHAR PROOF.—Its application on hands, feet and forehead will keep mosquitoes away. It has a very good perfume for the human nose, but it is sure death for mosquitoes. Price As. 8.

AMRITDHARA KAN TAIL.—A couple of drops in the ears are useful for deafness, discharge of pus and buzzing noises, etc. If there is pain, 2 drops should be slightly heated before fire and dropped a few times. If there is pain in both the ears, two drops should be dropped in each ear. Price 2 drams As. 8.

AMRITDHARA ARSH LEP.—This Lep is a kind of ointment for use on Hemorrhoids of Piles. When there is pain, burning, irritation, etc., this ointment soothes and its continuous use will make the Hemorrhoids almost lifeless so that they do not cause any more discomfort. Price for 4 drams As. 8.

AMRITDHARA MIXTURE.—This preparation is for toning up digestion and curing nausea, vomiting, flatulence, colic and disorders of the stomach and intestines. It is also a tonic for the heart. Price As. 8.

AMRITDHARA PITT POWDER.—Prickly heat is the cause of great discomfort to certain people during summer. Occasional use of this powder will greatly reduce the appearance of prickly heat even if it does appear, it is allayed quick! It often disappears within one night. Price for 2 oz. As. 10.

Postal and Telegraph Address: AMRITDHARA 44, LAHORE

Manager Amritdhara Pharmacy, Amritdhara Bhawan, Amritdhara Road, Amritdhara P. O. Lahore

"WAR WEEK"

Another Display On Esplanade Maidan

Another military display was held on the Esplanade Maidan on Tuesday evening in connection with Bombay's War Week.

Once again people saw what mechanised warfare can be like. The guns of the Royal Indian Navy, the tanks and armoured cars all contributed to a glimpse at modern warfare. An added attraction were two aeroplanes which flew overhead and displayed every type of aerobatics that an R.A.F. machine might have to resort to under actual fighting conditions.

IN THE MILL AREAS.

At Worli there was a second military display. Here also, tanks, armoured cars and machine-guns gave the people an idea of present-day warfare.

The band and bugles of the Maharaja Light Infantry delighted another large gathering in the Victoria Gardens. Keen interest was evinced here in a demonstration of attendance and ambulance work. Members of the Y.W.C.A. Nursing Division in co-operation with the St. John Ambulance Brigade, went through phases of stretcher drill, bandaging and ambulance work.

Defence India flags, Defence Savings Certificates and Stamps were sold.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.
4.30 p.m. to 6.45 p.m. Sale of Defence

Cooch Behar Stable Loses Spring Glory

The Maharaja of Cooch Behar's four-year-old bay colt, Spring Glory was destroyed after an accident on Saturday morning. The colt was being led back after swimming exercise at Mahim, it slipped on a curb and broke a leg.

Spring Glory had run in three races in India but had not earned a place. He was, however, shaping well and his owner's connections expected big things from him in the near future.

Savings Certificates and Stamps sale of "Win the War" Raffle Tickets at the Esplanade Maidan.

12 noon to 1 p.m. The Mechanised Column will parade through the Streets at Dongri.

3.30 p.m. "Radhika" at the Pathe Cinema.

4.40 p.m. "Dharma Bandhan" at the Novelty Talkies.

5 p.m. to 6 p.m. Military Display including Naval Gun Drill followed by Tanks, Armoured Cars and Machine-guns on the Esplanade Maidan.

6 to 6.15 p.m. The Band and Bugle of the Maharaja Light Infantry will play on the Esplanade Maidan.

6.15 to 6.30 p.m. The Band and Bugle of the Maharaja Light Infantry will play on the Esplanade Maidan.

6.30 to 6.45 p.m. The Band and Bugle of the Maharaja Light Infantry will play on the Esplanade Maidan.

SURPLUS BUDGET FOR MADRAS

No Provision For T. A For Legislators

MADRAS, March 18
Revenue surplus of Rs. 12,75,000 grant of revenue concessions to the tune of 75,00,000, continuance of the existing taxes at their present rates, no provision for the travelling allowance of the members to the Legislature owing to the uncertainty in the political situation, provision for expenditure on revision of electoral rolls which is necessary preliminary to the general election which should normally be held early in 1942 no new loan floated during the year—these are the features in the Budget estimates of the Madras Government for the year 1941-42 just released for publication.

Revenue estimate during the year has been put at Rs. 18,21,31,000 and the expenditure at Rs. 18,08,62,000.

The surplus after providing for all new schemes, says the explanatory memorandum of the

SADHONA BOSE BALLET

New Dances In Sec... Programme At Capitol

The second programme presented by Sadhona Bose and her Ballet last evening at the Capitol Theatre retains "Chandra Bahu", "Megh-Doot", "Partha Parakram", etc., but introduces four new dances. "Todi Ragini" is an allegorical portrayal of a musical melody. Sadhona Bose, while interpreting it, displays the tenderness and sensitivity which are inherent in its conception. In the role of Radha she renders "Broken Melody" an interesting ground dance especially by her reactions to the difference of Krishna towards the end.

"Madan Bhasma"—a mythological episode—is an impressive item. The furious dance of Madhav Menon as Shiva and the emotional responses to it by Sadhona Bose in the role of Parvati with Jayashankar as Madan in a pitiable condition ensure the unity of action and the continuity of narration. The fourth new item is "Pea-Dance" in which Mr. Madhav Menon is particularly expressive and brisk in execution.

Finance Secretary provides margin to meet any additional expenditure that would be involved in the event of a ministry taking office or other expenditure not specifically included to the Budget.—United Press.

SAHARA
TRADE MARK
ONLY GENUINE WITH THE
SAHARA
CHEAP
5 Annas for 10

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozechah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

WAR & INDUSTRY

Ten thousand more technicians are required for the War Industries.
This is your opportunity. You can equip yourself for such paying and prosperous careers with a short training of a year or two. RMI training is intensive in theory and practical. A thousand students have qualified in the past 80 can you join now.
RADIO ENGINEERING, WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, AMIERS (Lond.), etc.
RADIO ELECTRIC INSTITUTE, Lamington Chambers, Bombay 4.

WILL GERMANY BREAK WITH U.S.?

New York Journalist's Disclosure

22 Bombers Leave Dayton For Britain

NEW YORK, MARCH 17. THAT HITLER WILL SOON SEVER RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES IS CONSIDERED LIKELY BY WASHINGTON DIPLOMATIC OBSERVERS, ACCORDING TO WILLIAM SIMMS, THE WELL-KNOWN WRITER IN THE SCRIPPS-HOWARD NEWSPAPERS.

SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION

A supplementary appropriation of 1533 million dollars for the army and the navy, including about 13 million dollars for the development of naval bases at Guam and Samoa, was approved by President Roosevelt to-day says a message from Washington.

The first of 22 bombers for the R. A. F. are leaving Dayton (Ohio) late to-night stated members of the United States Army Air Corps on Monday.

All the planes, being four-engined longrange bombers, parked at Washington airport since their arrival from Seattle two months ago, will leave at the rate of one per day.

Vital defence industries are reported officially on Monday to be facing a rapidly dwindling supply of skilled labour just when the Government are preparing to give effect to the British aid programme by increasing armament orders by over 60 per cent.

This was made clear at a conference of metal trades management and labour representatives with the United States Production Chiefs Mr. Knudson and Mr. Hillman, Miss Perkins, Secretary for Labour and other officials.

Opening the conference Mr. Knudson said, "We have got to go into production in America on a scale never approached before. Our need for ships and the proportion of machinery for ships, tanks and planes is so great that upon you rests the responsibility of training more people in the shortest possible time in order to meet deliveries sorely needed here and abroad."

He urged shipbuilders specifically to "give every skilled man three helpers to learn his work"—Reuter.

"MAGNIFICENT" APPEAL TO AID BRITAIN

LONDON, March 18. "Mr. Churchill is to use an Australian phrase 'A Bobby Dazzler', a real 'Crackerjack' who thrives on combat" this tribute to the British Prime Minister was paid by the Australian Prime Minister Mr. Menzies in Manchester on Monday night.

Mr. Menzies said "He is one of

U-BOATS FAIL TO OBSTRUCT U. S. SUPPLY

WASHINGTON, March 17. Lord Halifax told reporters on Monday that Germany had been unable substantially to interrupt the flow of American supplies to Britain.

He indicated that only a small percentage of American goods was now failing to reach England.

He said that he expected the intensified U-boat campaign to make little difference to deliveries.—Reuter.

the greatest leaders in all history, one of that rare type of men who do best under strain."

Terming President Roosevelt's call out appeal for help to the democracies as "magnificent", Mr. Menzies said, "This American attitude proves that to be neutral you need not be entirely unintelligent holding no opinions on wars as some neutrals have thought."

It also shows that you can be neutral and still give tremendous assistance to a combatant country."

Mr. Menzies described Hitler as holding the views of Alice in Wonderland that "What I say three times is true" except that "Hitler says it 30 times and it is still untrue."—Reuter.

"It's Europe Against America Now"

LONDON, March 18. Signor Edo Gray, an Italian M.P., in the course of a broadcast speech on the United States' help to Great Britain said: "Regardless of jurisdiction the United States of America is now at war with the Axis Powers. Henceforth, it is

Europe against America and not Europe against England"—United Press.

JAPAN THREATENS TO CUT OFF U. S. AID TO CHINA

TOKYO, March 17. "The 'Asahi Shimbun' commenting on the speech of the President of the United States says, 'President Roosevelt is precipitating the United States towards war. Taking advantage of the fact that technically Japan was not in a state of war with China, America may dare to carry arms and ammunition to Chungking on American ships. In that event there is no alternative for Japan but to frustrate such an attempt with the same resolve as that recently professed by Hitler'."

The "Nichi Shimbun" states "in the name of peace and the happiness of mankind the ruthless exploitation of many Asiatic races by democracies like Britain, France and Holland should not be permitted. In extending support to these democracies the President would be enabling them to continue their exploitation like insatiable vultures."

The "Kokumin Shimbun" says "the fiery tone of President Roosevelt's speech gave the impression that America was on the eve of war. Most of the 7,000 million dollars recommended by President Roosevelt for aid to the democracies is intended for Britain and there will be very little left, if any, for China and Greece.—Reuter.

Transference Of Aircraft Factory To Burma Denied

SHANGHAI, March 18. Japanese allegation that a Chinese aircraft factory has been transferred from Yunnan, South-West China to Burma is categorically denied by Chungking military authorities, according to the Chinese press.—Reuter.

Restrictions Imposed On Norwegian Shipping

LONDON, March 17. German nervousness regarding Norwegian coastal shipping finds expression in a fresh decree limiting its freedom of movement and enacting penalties that may extend to death, according to the Norwegian Telegraph Agency.

The new order which was issued by the Reich's Commissar forbids coastal vessels to leave Norwegian ports without permission from the German authorities and decrees that no vessel shall depart from the route set out in its permit.

Fishing craft are forbidden to sail outside the limit of the Norwegian coastal waters which extend to a limit of 30 miles from the coast while pleasure craft sailing and other boats are forbidden to go more than three miles from the coast.—Reuter.

De Valera Reiterates Neutrality

Will Allow None To Use Eire As Base For Attack

DUBLIN, March 18. Eire's determination to maintain its independence was stressed by Mr. de Valera in a broadcast to America on St. Patrick's Day. Mr. de Valera said:

"We are in grave danger of being short of bread supply unless we can import tens of thousands of tons of wheat. We have pledged ourselves that our country will not be used as a base for attack upon another. We are determined that none of the belligerents shall use any territory of our State as a base of attack upon another. For us to permit such a thing to be done would be to involve ourselves in the war."

Mr. de Valera added that it had taken centuries of effort to win back the independence they had got and they were determined that it should not be lost again.—Reuter.

Nazi Outrage In Bulgaria

Student Who Criticised Germans Shot Dead

BELGRADE, March 17. Friction between German soldiers and Bulgarians is revealed by travellers from Bulgaria who tell of an incident in which a German major shot a student at the house where he was billeted at Plovdiv in southern Bulgaria, because the youth had said that the arrival of the German troops had not aroused any enthusiasm among the Bulgarian people.

The student's father heard the shot, drew his revolver and shot the major. Fifteen minutes later the student's father was hanged by Germans in front of the house.—Reuter.

Rumanian Ex-Minister Acquitted

ROME, March 17. The former Rumanian Prime Minister and Foreign Minister M. Argetoianu, was to-day acquitted by Bucharest Courts on charges concerning the use of public funds states a Bucharest dispatch which adds that he justified the use of the funds entrusted to his care.

Similar charges against other political leaders under ex-King Carol are being investigated.—Reuter.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

JAMES COMMENDS SAPRU'S PROPOSAL

'LEADER OF THE HOUSE MUST GO TO BRITAIN TO ESTABLISH PERSONAL CONTACT TO END DEADLOCK'

Leaguer Charges Govt. With Sitting Tight Over Power

NEW DELHI, March 18. The Assembly continued to-day the general debate on the Finance Bill.

Resuming his unfinished speech Sir F. E. James referred to the observations made by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru at the recent Bombay conference and to his suggestion that for solution of India's difficulties, there should be personal contact between representatives of Britain and India, and said that such a contact was necessary. That contact should be made not in India but in England. The Government of India should send someone with undoubted authority, patriotism and integrity and with a capacity for presenting an objective view of this country and at the same time enjoying the confidence of the British people. Such a person was the leader of the house, (Cheers.)

In the meantime, as long as the deadlock continued, it was the duty of all to carry on seizing every opportunity to guide and to educate Indian public opinion. It was possible to mobilise a surprising amount of support even for the present executive. If it could be strengthened so that some members might be released from some of the heavy burden.

ZIAUDDIN'S SLOGANS

Sir Ziauddin added his own slogan to the many that he said had been referred to by earlier speakers, such as "why pay debts during the war?" and "why not meet the entire deficit by a loan?" His slogan was "we should pay what we can pay; the balance be left to future generations."

TAXATION & BORROWING

He referred to the difficulty of maintaining a proper proportion between taxation and borrowing, and said that if war expenditure continued to increase, the proportion of borrowing would also increase. But it must be remembered that as Government expenditure increased the National Income also increased and with it the taxable capacity of the people. For instance, the Supply Department was known to be spending in India on war orders some Rs. 75 crores a year. To that extent the national income and hence the taxable capacity increased. Sir Ziauddin asked that an attempt should be made to deter-

mine the maximum taxable capacity of the country.

INVISIBLE TAX

He pointed out that in determining this it must be borne in mind that in addition to all the taxes being paid, there was in India an invisible tax that is to say the expenditure incurred by every employed man in India in supporting a number of unemployed friends and relations. This was a form of tax unknown in European countries. He referred to an estimate which put the burden of this tax in India at between five and ten annas in the rupee.

WHY MISSION TO AMERICA?

Sir Ziauddin alluded to the Commerce Member's defence of the Meek-Gregory report and said any person of commonsense would have known that a country embarking on a programme of increased munitions production would require mica. Sir Ziauddin maintained that it was not necessary to send a mission to America to find this out.

Sir Ziauddin advocated an Excise duty on textile and iron and steel industries, which he said were at present greatly prospering and could therefore easily bear the burden.

ARE THESE PROFESSORS?

Speaking after lunch, Sir Ziauddin gave his attention to the Supply Department and declared it was wrong to work it on the understanding, as at present, that the Contracts Directorate and the Indian Stores Department now placed under it should retain their identity and should be given back intact after the war to the departments from which they were taken. He also objected to the giving of military titles to officers of the department and said this lowered the dignity of these titles. It was as absurd as calling an expert in purchasing ghee as a professor or a reader. (Laughter.)

Mr. Amarendranath Chattopadhyaya dwelt upon the anomaly of having autonomous provinces and an irresponsible centre at the same time.

As Mr. Chattopadhyaya, who had already spoken for more than an hour went on to refer to the fight, which he said, Congress members were waging for freedom of speech, Sir Ziauddin Khan, the Leader of the House, interjected. "Other Honourable Members are waiting for freedom of speech" (Loud Laughter).

Mr. Chattopadhyaya said that if he were to deal with all the different departments of the Government, it would take him two hours more (More Laughter).

When he ended, Sir Ziauddin Khan stated that an arrangement had been made by agreement among the parties that all speeches on the consideration motion except those of Mr. Aney (Congress Nationalist Leader) and Nawabzada Liaquat Ali (Muslim League) should be finished by lunch hour on the next sitting of the House on Thursday. After lunch, the two speakers already mentioned and the Finance Member should speak and the consideration motion should be concluded on that day. Consideration of the clauses should conclude on Saturday.

SPEAKER PULLS OF GIDNEY Sir Henry Gidney indignantly

FINANCING RESEARCH

Money Granted For Fourteen Schemes

NEW DELHI, March 17. Fourteen research schemes involving financial assistance to the extent of Rs. 52,000 have been recommended for adoption by the Board of Scientific and Industrial Research to the Government of India.

The researches are, states a Press note, on the manufacture of electro-acoustical and high frequency apparatus (Dr. S. K. Mitra, Calcutta), X-ray transformers (Mr. B. B. Bhowmik, Calcutta), refrigerating machinery (Prof. Sahas, Calcutta), photographic plates (Prof. G. R. Paranjpe, Bombay) and photosensitizing dyestuffs (M. Q. Doja, Patna).

Ultra-sonic (Dr. D. M. Bose, Calcutta) has received encouragement through the sanction of a scheme for the setting up of a powerful ultra-sonic generator for making various industrial applications.

Planning of radio sets and volume control from another scheme of research (Dr. G. R. Toshniwal, Allahabad). Thus for the manufacture of radio sets, the board has so far recommended schemes on the design of various parts and, if any scheme on the researches of making a valve materials, India may expect to manufacture radio sets.

Schemes of research covering essential oil industry, industrial preparation of iodine from lemon grass by Dr. M. N. Goswami, Calcutta, the preparation of thymoxin by Dr. B. B. Dey, Madras, extraction of sulphur from iron pyrites, and manufacture of optical glass by Mr. M. L. Joshi, Lahore, have also been recommended.—A. P.

protested against the arrangement. The statement just made by the Leader of the House practically tells everybody else in the House to shut up. "I won't shut up", he declared.

The President firmly asserted that the Leader of the House was perfectly justified in stating to the House the arrangement arrived at between the parties; and the Chair would see to it that that arrangement was adhered to.

INDICTMENT OF GOVT.

Nawab Siddique Ali Khan gave an account of the negotiations between the Viceroy and Indian leaders culminating in the Viceroy's offer of August 8, and said that the Viceroy had given a pledge to the leaders of the League that he would go forward with the expansion of the Executive Council even if the Congress Party did not share the burden of responsibility.

The Government's present silence or indifference made the Muslim League believe that they did not wish to part with power. In Governor's provinces where administration was being run with the help of official advisers, there was the rule of despotism. He was sure that such a state of affairs could not continue very long. Something should have to be done. The persons responsible for the deadlock declared that no constitutional advance could be made, unless the two major parties, the Congress and the Muslim League came to a settlement. Or in other words, until there was perfect Hindu-Muslim unity. The wish was a pious one which had been expressed several times from different quarters. He asked what had "India's masters" themselves done in this matter? Unfortunately, Hindu-Muslim differences were becoming wider and wider. (A voice: No, No.) "My friend says, 'no, no, no,' but he must face realities."

He had not concluded his speech, when the House adjourned till Thursday.—A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

THAT MAN SURE IS HERE AGAIN

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

